FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT Jefferson County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020 and 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Foothills Park and Recreation District 6612 S. Ward Street Littleton, CO 80127

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activty of Foothills Park & Recreation District ("the District") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activity of the District, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Funds Available (Non GAAP Budgetary Basis), Reconciliation of Non GAAP Budgetary Basis (Actual) to Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, History of District Assessed Valuation Schedule, Mill Levies and Property Tax Collections, the History of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Schedule, and the Historical Net Position Schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedules listed above have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Denver, Colorado

Esde Sailly LLP

May 10, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Foothills Park & Recreation District's ("the District") annual financial report provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying management discussion and analysis and financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. Please read management's discussion and analysis in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ◆ During 2020 the District's operations were heavily influenced by the Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19", "pandemic"). The District experienced reduced operating revenues in nearly all areas of operation during 2020 due to facility closures, program cancellations and operating restrictions resulting from COVID-19. This was partially offset by District golf course revenue, which increased significantly, driven by an increase in rounds and cart rentals due to the pandemic. In total, operating revenue was lower than budget by \$4,138,495. The District conservatively managed expenses throughout the year and as a result, net operating loss was only \$460,938 higher than budgeted.
- ♦ In November, 2020 District voters approved a ballot question authorizing the continuation of a mill levy of 1.534 mills for Sub-District A for all future years. The mill levy was previously associated with the District's General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, dated February 23, 2010, which were paid in full in 2020. Revenue generated from the tax was approved to be used for general fund purposes including capital improvements and operational priorities.
- ♦ The District ended the year in good financial position with assets exceeding liabilities at December 31, 2020 by \$80.66 million (net position), an increase from 2019 of \$5.27 million. Of this amount, \$12.92 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ♦ The District's cash and cash equivalents and total investments increased \$1.24 million to \$14.81 million primarily due to the timing of expenditures for mill levy neighborhood park improvement projects, which have been carried-forward to the 2021 budget year. Receivables decreased by \$0.35 million mainly due to the timing of payment from Great Outdoors Colorado for grant funds receivable as of the prior year end associated with progress on the Clement Park project.
- ◆ The District's total debt decreased \$3.25 million primarily due to principal payments on outstanding debt.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Foothills Park & Recreation District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of two components: 1) the District-wide financial statements, 2) notes to the financial statements. This annual report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the District use accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about its activities.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position provides information about the District's investments in resources and obligations. It also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing the short and long-term debt of the District.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

This statement measures the results of the District's operation over the past year and can be used to determine the percentage of the District's costs that are recovered through its user fees as well as other expenditures and revenues.

Statement of Cash Flows

The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the District's cash receipts and payments during the reporting period. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing, and financing activities. It also provides answers to such questions regarding the source of cash, usage of cash, and the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position report information about the District's activities in a way that can help understand the District's finances. The District's Net Position is another source to determine the financial health or financial position of the District. Over time, increases in the District's net position are an indicator that the District's financial health is improving. However, one should also consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, or changes in governmental legislation.

A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 is presented below:

Net Position

					2019 to	2020	
	2020		 2019		\$ Change	% Change	
Current and Other Assets	\$	28,915,996	\$ 27,817,150	\$	1,098,846	3.95%	
Capital Assets		81,771,178	 81,687,342		83,836	0.10%	
Total Assets		110,687,174	 109,504,492		1,182,682	1.08%	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		306,354	442,679		(136,325)	-30.80%	
Current Liabilities		2,768,698	5,741,885		(2,973,187)	-51.78%	
Non-Current Liabilities		14,435,203	15,738,121		(1,302,918)	-8.28%	
Total Liabilities		17,203,901	21,480,006		(4,276,105)	-19.91%	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		13,126,245	13,071,945		54,300	0.42%	
Net Invested in Capital Assets		67,004,564	63,666,623		3,337,941	5.24%	
Restricted		736,000	804,000		(68,000)	-8.46%	
Unrestricted		12,922,818	10,924,597		1,998,221	18.29%	
Total Net Position	\$	80,663,382	\$ 75,395,220	\$	5,268,162	6.99%	

As can be seen from the chart above, Total Net Position increased \$5,268,162, or 6.99% in 2020. Restricted Net Position reflects amounts restricted for TABOR reserves. In addition, the Board of Directors of the District ("the Board") established a general reserve fund in an amount equal to 9.0% of the District's annual operating budget, which includes the TABOR reserves. The Board has not restricted or committed any of these unrestricted funds for any specific purpose except for cash flow, emergency and other purposes as determined by the Board. As of December 31, 2020, the District had a general reserve fund of \$2,208,000, which includes the TABOR reserves of \$736,000.

A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 is presented below:

Net Position

						2018 to	2019
	2019			2018	\$ Change		% Change
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$	27,817,150 81,687,342	\$	28,649,594 78,016,949	\$	(832,444) 3,670,393	-2.91% 4.70%
Total Assets		109,504,492		106,666,543		2,837,949	2.66%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		442,679		579,004		(136,325)	-23.54%
Current Liabilities		5,741,885		5,378,915		362,970	6.75%
Non-Current Liabilities		15,738,121		19,121,458		(3,383,337)	-17.69%
Total Liabilities		21,480,006		24,500,373		(3,020,367)	-12.33%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		13,071,945		11,753,902		1,318,043	11.21%
Net Invested in Capital Assets		63,666,623		57,257,305		6,409,318	11.19%
Restricted		804,000		800,000		4,000	0.50%
Unrestricted		10,924,597		12,933,967		(2,009,370)	-15.54%
Total Net Position	\$	75,395,220	\$	70,991,272	\$	4,403,948	6.20%

In 2019, Total Net Position increased \$4,403,948, or 6.20%. Restricted Net Position reflects amounts restricted for TABOR reserves. In addition, the Board of Directors of the District ("the Board") established a general reserve fund in an amount equal to 9.0% of the District's annual operating budget, which includes the TABOR reserves. The Board has not restricted or committed any of these unrestricted funds for any specific purpose except for cash flow, emergency and other purposes as determined by the Board. As of December 31, 2019, the District had a general reserve fund of \$2,411,000, which includes the TABOR reserves of \$804,000.

While the Statement of Net Position shows the change in financial position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provides answers as to the nature and source of these changes.

As part of our analysis, we provide a summary of the District's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position from 2019 to 2020 as presented below:

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, 2020 and 2019

				 2019 to 2020		
		2020	2019	\$ Change	% Change	
Operating Revenues Fees and Charges	\$	11,948,230	\$ 15,335,676	\$ (3,387,446)	-22.09%	
Operating Expenditures		(21,401,440)	 (22,821,861)	 1,420,421	-6.22%	
Net Loss From Operations		(9,453,210)	(7,486,185)	(1,967,025)	26.28%	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenditures)						
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes		14,002,521	12,673,093	1,329,428	10.49%	
Conservation Trust		501,080	553,927	(52,847)	-9.54%	
Grants and Contributions		1,977,388	931,793	1,045,595	112.21%	
Grants Expenditures		(135,131)	(219,336)	84,205	-38.39%	
Facilities & Equipment Repair and Replacements		(899,312)	(1,289,710)	390,398	-30.27%	
Interest Expense		(689,503)	(805,294)	115,791	-14.38%	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets		28,673	(19,775)	48,448	-245.00%	
Insurance Proceeds		28,994	8,855	20,139	227.43%	
Other Income		97,085	221,721	(124,636)	-56.21%	
Other Expenditures		(190,423)	(165,141)	(25,282)	15.31%	
Total Net Non-Operating Revenues		14,721,372	11,890,133	2,831,239	23.81%	
Change in Net Position		5,268,162	4,403,948	864,214	19.62%	
Net Position, Beginning of Year		75,395,220	70,991,272	4,403,948	6.20%	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	80,663,382	\$ 75,395,220	\$ 5,268,162	6.99%	

Comparison of Revenue and Expenses – 2020 to 2019

Operating Revenues derived from Fees and Charges for Services were \$11,948,230 in 2020 compared to \$15,335,676 in 2019, a decrease of \$3,387,446, or 22.09%. The District experienced reduced operating revenues in nearly all operating areas during 2020 due to facility closures, program cancellations and operating restrictions resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. Children's Programs, Recreation Programs and Recreation Centers had the most significant decreases of \$2,011,027, \$1,357,015 and \$611,766 respectively, driven by facility closures, and restrictions on District operations related to capacity restrictions and limitations on group sports. These decreases were partially offset by Golf, which had a \$1,869,768 increase in operating revenue resulting from a significant increase in rounds and rental revenue at both District golf courses as golf emerged in 2020 as an outdoor recreation activity in which social distancing is possible, driving increased public participation in the sport during the pandemic.

Operating Expenses in 2020 were \$21,401,440 compared to \$22,821,861 in 2019, a decrease of \$1,420,421, or 6.22%. Operating Expenses decreased due to lower part-time wages and operating supplies driven by facility closures, program cancellations and operating restrictions related to COVID-19. The most significant decreases occurred in Children's Programs, Recreation Programs and Aquatics, which decreased \$722,107, \$458,209 and \$440,945, respectively. Operations in each of these departments were impacted by closures and operating restrictions due to the pandemic and as a result each department had significant reductions in part-time wages and operating supplies.

Property and Specific Ownership Taxes were \$14,002,521 in 2020 versus \$12,673,093 in 2019. The increase of \$1,329,428 was primarily attributable to a 12.92% increase in assessed values for the 2020 tax collection year. Conservation Trust revenues were \$501,080 and \$553,927 in 2020 and 2019, respectively, reflecting a decrease in the District's allocation of state lottery ticket sales for 2020. Grants and Contributions increased \$1,045,595 primarily driven Senate Bill 35 funds received for use in completing neighborhood park improvement projects and funding received of \$391,193 from the State of Colorado for the Coronavirus Relief Fund Program ("CVRF").

In 2020, 55.83% of the District's total operations were covered by fees and charges from programs and facilities and the remaining 44.17% came from property and specific ownership taxes, grants and other sources. The District's parks, greenbelts and trails are costly to maintain and account for \$5,247,500 of the \$9,453,210 operating loss the District incurred in 2020. The District's pools and recreation centers are also costly to operate and were subsidized \$3,246,132 from other revenue sources besides the fees and charges paid by the users of these facilities in 2020. Of the \$14,002,521 of taxes collected, \$2,059,329 were designated to make principal and interest payments on General Obligation Debt and \$11,943,192 were designated to offset operating losses and other debt principal and interest payments owed as a result of financing the construction of the District's Peak Community Wellness Center, the Edge Ice Arena, and the Foothills Sports Arena.

The following table shows the amount and percent that operating costs were recovered through operating revenues including fees and charges for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

Cost Recovery Through Fees and Charges

					2019 to	2020	
		2020		2019	\$ Change	% Change	
Operating Revenues	\$	11,948,230	\$	15,335,676	\$ (3,387,446)	-22.09%	
Operating Expenses	\$	21,401,440	\$	22,821,861	\$ (1,420,421)	-6.22%	
% Cost Recovery Through Operating Fees and Charges	_	55.83%	=	67.20%			

As part of our analysis, we also provide a summary of the District's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position from 2018 to 2019 as presented below:

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, 2019 and 2018

				2018 to 2019			
		2019	2018		\$ Change	% Change	
Operating Revenues Fees and Charges	\$	15,335,676	\$ 15,506,766	\$	(171,090)	-1.10%	
Operating Expenditures		(22,821,861)	(22,024,192)		(797,669)	3.62%	
Net Loss From Operations		(7,486,185)	 (6,517,426)		(968,759)	14.86%	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenditures)							
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes		12,673,093	12,693,703		(20,610)	-0.16%	
Conservation Trust		553,927	484,258		69,669	14.39%	
Grants and Contributions		931,793	7,615,185		(6,683,392)	-87.76%	
Grants Expenditures		(219,336)	(161,429)		(57,907)	35.87%	
Facilities & Equipment Repair and Replacements		(1,289,710)	(660,605)		(629,105)	95.23%	
Interest Expense		(805,294)	(892,571)		87,277	-9.78%	
Loss on Sale of Assets		(19,775)	(19,654)		(121)	0.62%	
Insurance Proceeds		8,855	6,173		2,682	100.00%	
Other Income		221,721	178,960		42,761	23.89%	
Other Expenditures		(165,141)	(186,445)		21,304	-11.43%	
Total Net Non-Operating Revenues		11,890,133	19,057,575		(7,167,442)	-37.61%	
Change in Net Position		4,403,948	12,540,149		(8,136,201)	-64.88%	
Net Position, Beginning of Year		70,991,272	58,451,123		12,540,149	21.45%	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	75,395,220	\$ 70,991,272	\$	4,403,948	6.20%	

Comparison of Revenue and Expenses – 2019 to 2018

Operating Revenues derived from Fees and Charges for Services were \$15,335,676 in 2019 compared to \$15,506,766 in 2018, a decrease of \$171,090, or 1.10%. The District experienced reduced operating revenues in numerous programming areas in 2019. Aquatics, Parks and Recreation Centers had the most significant decreases of \$111,005, \$65,308 and \$64,618 respectively, due to decreased admission fee revenue from the District's pool facilities and Recreation Centers and lower field and shelter rentals in Parks. These decreases were partially offset by Children's Programs, which had a \$218,185 increase in operating revenue resulting from the opening of two new before and after school care sites and increased participation in all day care and children's camp programs.

Operating Expenses in 2019 were \$22,821,861 compared to \$22,024,192 in 2018, an increase of \$797,669, or 3.62%. Operating Expenses increased due to general inflationary trends in the majority of major District operating centers. The most significant increases occurred in Parks and Regional

Parks, Recreation Centers and Children's Programs. Parks and Regional Parks increased \$165,466 or 3.42% due to higher depreciation expense, annual pay increases and the impact of the increase in Colorado minimum wage. Recreation Centers increased \$106,852, or 3.13% mainly due to increased salaries and benefits related to annual pay increases and the increase in Colorado minimum wage, higher expenditures for professional services and sports officials and higher depreciation expense. Children's Programs increased by \$262,737, or 10.91% primarily due to annual pay increases, higher salaries and wages and higher facility rentals to support two new before and after school care sites and increased supply purchases in day care and camp programs associated with continuing growth in the department.

Property and Specific Ownership Taxes were \$12,673,093 in 2019 versus \$12,693,703 in 2018. The decrease of \$20,610 was driven by lower Specific Ownership Taxes of \$75,740, offset by higher Property Taxes collected of \$55,130 resulting from an increase in assessed values for the 2019 tax year. Conservation Trust revenues were \$553,927 and \$484,258 in 2019 and 2018, respectively, reflecting an increase in state lottery ticket sales for 2019.

Grants and Contributions decreased \$6,683,392 primarily driven by two intergovernmental capital asset contributions that occurred during 2018. First, Jefferson County transferred ownership of Clement Park and water rights for Johnson Reservoir to the District, which resulted in contributions recorded in 2018 of \$5,410,053. Second, Urban Drainage and Flood Control District, in partnership with Jefferson County and our District completed work on a jointly funded project to rebuild the dam and construct a bridge at Beers Sisters Reservoir, which is located within our District in Blue Heron Park. The completion of this project in 2018 resulted in an entry to record contributions of \$1,366,393.

In 2019, 67.20% of the District's total operations were covered by fees and charges from programs and facilities and the remaining 32.80% came from property and specific ownership taxes and other sources. The District's parks, greenbelts and trails are costly to maintain and account for \$4,521,717 of the \$7,486,185 operating loss the District incurred in 2019. The District's pools and recreation centers are also costly to operate and were subsidized \$3,034,182 from other revenue sources besides the fees and charges paid by the users of these facilities in 2019. Of the \$12,673,093 of taxes collected, \$2,057,249 were designated to make principal and interest payments on General Obligation Debt and \$10,615,844 were designated to offset operating losses and other debt principle and interest payments owed as a result of financing the construction of the District's Peak Community Wellness Center, the Edge Ice Arena, and the Foothills Sports Arena.

The following table shows the amount and percent that operating costs were recovered through operating revenues including fees and charges for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

Cost Recovery Through Fees and Charges

					2018 to 2019				
		2019		2018	\$ Change	% Change			
Operating Revenues	\$	15,335,676	\$	15,506,766	\$ (171,090)	-1.10%			
Operating Expenses	\$	22,821,861	\$	22,024,192	\$ 797,669	3.62%			
% Cost Recovery Through Operating Fees and Charges	_	67.20%	_	70.41%					

<u>Comparison of Revenue and Expenses – 2020 Actual to 2020 Budget</u>

Operating Revenues were \$11,948,230 compared to budget of \$16,086,725 or \$4,138,495 unfavorable to plan. Operating revenues were below plan most significantly as follows: Children's Programs by \$2,099,453 or 62.48%; Recreation Programs by \$1,322,960 or 56.57%; Recreation Centers by \$938,070 or 51.72%; Ice Arena by \$605,009 or 28.48%; Aquatics by \$573,054 or 59.75%; and Parks by \$303,502 or 56.21% because of facility closures, program cancellations and operating restrictions resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. These negative variances were partially offset by Golf, which was favorable to plan by \$1,716,405 or 34.82% resulting from a significant increase in rounds and rental revenue at both District golf courses as golf emerged in 2020 as an outdoor recreation activity in which social distancing is possible, driving increased public participation in the sport during the pandemic.

Operating Expenses were \$18,333,118 compared to budget of \$22,010,675, which was \$3,677,557 less than planned. This was driven by lower than planned part-time wages and operating supplies in Aquatics, Children's Programs, the Ice Arena, Recreation Centers and Recreation Programs resulting from facility closures, program cancellations and operating restrictions in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Net Non-Operating Revenues were \$8,319,604 compared to budget of \$5,943,704 or \$2,375,900 favorable to plan. This was mostly due to lower levels expenditures on Facilities and Equipment Repairs and Replacements, resulting from a shift in the timing of work from 2020 to 2021 for the 2020 neighborhood park improvement mill levy projects, higher levels of Grants and Contributions related to Senate Bill 35 funds received, which will be deployed in completing the 2020 neighborhood park improvement projects, and cash reserves used to fund additional Facilities & Equipment Repair & Replacements in 2020.

<u>Comparison of Revenue and Expenses – 2019 Actual to 2019 Budget</u>

Operating Revenues were \$15,335,676 compared to budget of \$15,654,896 or \$319,220 unfavorable to plan. Operating revenues were below plan most significantly as follows: Recreation Centers by \$166,327 or 10.06%; Aquatics by \$91,767 or 9.59%; Ice Arena by \$71,569 or 3.35%; Golf by \$67,188, or 1.39%; and Parks by \$60,724 or 11.22% because of reduced patron visits and lower participation in various District program offerings. These negative variances were partially offset by Children's Programs and Recreation Programs, which were favorable to plan by \$112,977 and \$27,664, respectively. The Children's Programs variance was related to higher than planned participation in all day and before and after care programs and the Recreation Programs variance was related to higher than planned participation in youth gymnastics programming.

Operating Expenses were \$19,993,318 compared to budget of \$20,451,216, which was \$457,898 less than planned. The District has been very effective in creating an organization which encourages management and employees to control expenditures and to create efficiencies within their departments. Since 2008, Operating Expenditures have only increased \$4,388,374 or 28.11%, even with increasing program costs associated with increasing Operating Revenues, which have grown \$3,046,392, or 24.79% over the same period.

Net Non-Operating Revenues were \$2,272,257 compared to budget of \$4,796,320 or \$2,524,063 favorable to plan. This was mostly due to lower levels of net Grant expenditures and lower levels of expenditures on Facilities and Equipment Repairs and Replacements, resulting from a shift in the timing of work from 2019 to 2020 for the Clement Park Phase C project and the 2019 neighborhood park improvement mill levy projects.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018, the District had invested \$81,771,178, \$81,687,342 and \$78,016,949, respectively in net capital assets, which represents a broad range of infrastructure including parks, recreation centers, golf courses, maintenance and administration facilities, vehicles, and equipment. In 2020, The District's net capital assets increased by \$83,836 from net capital assets at the end of 2019 due to the current year's additions, offset by current year depreciation of its capital assets. Similarly, in 2019, The District's net capital assets increased by \$3,670,393 from net capital assets at the end of 2018 primarily due to the current year's additions, partially offset by current year depreciation of its capital assets. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

The table below summarizes changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Change in Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation), 2020

					2019 to 2020				
		2020		2019		\$ Change	% Change		
Land	\$	23,728,375	\$	23,728,375	\$	-	0.00%		
Water Rights		785,337		785,337		-	0.00%		
Buildings		28,229,680		29,187,857		(958,177)	-3.28%		
Improvements		25,050,405		23,944,704		1,105,701	4.62%		
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment		1,940,017		1,827,339		112,678	6.17%		
Vehicles		673,051		710,104		(37,053)	-5.22%		
Construction in Progress		1,364,313		1,503,626		(139,313)	-9.27%		
Total Capital Assets	\$	81,771,178	\$	81,687,342	\$	83,836	0.10%		

The table below summarizes changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019:

Change in Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation), 2019

				2018 to 2019			
		2019		2019 2018		\$ Change	% Change
Land	\$	23,728,375	\$	23,728,375	\$	-	0.00%
Water Rights		785,337		785,337		-	0.00%
Buildings		29,187,857		30,209,335		(1,021,478)	-3.38%
Improvements		23,944,704		19,376,750		4,567,954	23.57%
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment		1,827,339		2,016,727		(189,388)	-9.39%
Vehicles		710,104		660,728		49,376	7.47%
Construction in Progress		1,503,626		1,239,697		263,929	21.29%
Total Capital Assets	\$	81,687,342	\$	78,016,949	\$	3,670,393	4.70%

Long-Term Debt

The District paid \$3,248,600 in debt principal repayments during 2020 and at December 31, 2020 had \$14,766,614 in short and long-term debt.

Below is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Changes in Long-Term Debt

					 2019 to	2020
	_	2020	_	2019	\$ Change	% Change
General Obligation Bonds	\$	213,000	\$	2,141,600	\$ (1,928,600)	-90.05%
Certificates of Participation		14,050,000		15,160,000	(1,110,000)	-7.32%
Golf Course Revenue Bonds		-		210,000	(210,000)	-100.00%
Unamortized Deferred Charges		(306,354)		(442,679)	136,325	-30.80%
Unamortized Bond Premium		809,968		951,798	(141,830)	-14.90%
Total Long Term Debt	\$	14,766,614	\$	18,020,719	\$ (3,254,105)	-18.06%

The District paid \$3,131,300 in debt principal repayments during 2019 and at December 31, 2019 had \$18,020,719 in short and long-term debt.

Below is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2019:

Changes in Long-Term Debt

				_		2018 to 2019			
	_	2019	_	2018		\$ Change	% Change		
General Obligation Bonds	\$	2,141,600	\$	3,992,900	\$	(1,851,300)	-46.36%		
Certificates of Participation		15,160,000		16,240,000		(1,080,000)	-6.65%		
Golf Course Revenue Bonds		210,000		410,000		(200,000)	-48.78%		
Unamortized Deferred Charges		(442,679)		(579,004)		136,325	-23.54%		
Unamortized Bond Premium		951,798		1,093,627		(141,829)	-12.97%		
Total Long Term Debt	\$	18,020,719	\$	21,157,523	\$	(3,136,804)	-14.83%		

More detailed information about the District's long-term debt is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

The District was able to maintain an adequate debt coverage ratio on the Golf Course Revenue Bonds outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 as shown below:

Debt Coverage Ratio-Golf Revenue Bonds

					2019 to 2020			
	2020			2019	\$ Change		% Change	
Golf Operating Revenue	\$	6,645,712	\$	4,775,944	\$	1,869,768	39.15%	
Golf Operating Expenses (Excluding								
Depreciation and Debt Payments)		3,870,897		3,716,276		154,621	4.16%	
Golf Net Earning Before								
Depreciation, and Debt Payments	\$	2,774,815	\$	1,059,668	\$	1,715,147	161.86%	
Golf Revenue Bonds Annual Debt Service Requirements for the								
Respective Fiscal year	\$	216,432	\$	217,392	\$	(960)	-0.44%	
Debt Coverage Ratio		12.82		4.87				

The District was able to maintain an adequate debt coverage ratio on the Golf Course Revenue Bonds outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 as shown below:

Debt Coverage Ratio-Golf Revenue Bonds

				2019	
	 2019	2018	\$	Change	% Change
Golf Operating Revenue	\$ 4,775,944	\$ 4,826,919	\$	(50,975)	-1.06%
Golf Operating Expenses (Excluding Depreciation and Debt Payments)	 3,716,276	3,771,310	, ,	(55,034)	-1.46%
Golf Net Earning Before Depreciation, and Debt Payments	\$ 1,059,668	\$ 1,055,609	\$	4,059	0.38%
Golf Revenue Bonds Annual Debt Service Requirements for the Respective Fiscal year	\$ 217,392	\$ 210,252	\$	7,140	3.40%
Debt Coverage Ratio	 4.87	 5.02			

The required ratio was 1.50 of the debt service requirements on the golf course revenue bonds for the respective fiscal year. The golf course revenue bonds were paid in full in 2020.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District is located in Jefferson County which is in the southern part of the Denver metropolitan area where the local economic environment has been relatively strong over the last several years, excluding 2020, which was impacted negatively by the COVID-19 pandemic. The average unemployment rate in Jefferson County was 7.9% in December, 2020 versus 2.2% in December, 2019. In 2019, a reassessment year, property assessed valuations within the District increased by 12.92%, which contributed to a \$1,329,428 increase in Property Tax Revenue in 2020.

In recent years, the District has experienced an increase in the number of patron visits to our facilities and to our various programs. This trend did not continue for most areas of District operations in 2020 primarily driven by facility closures, program cancellations and operating restrictions related to the COVID-19 pandemic, which caused significant reductions in revenue from recreation programs and facilities. The District expects pandemic related operating restrictions to continue for the near future and as such expects that fee revenue and other operational revenue from recreation programs and facilities will not return to pre-pandemic levels until late 2021, or potentially beyond. The District's golf rounds and related revenues saw a significant increase in 2020 as individuals gravitated toward outdoor recreation opportunities and this trend is expected to continue in the near term, at least until COVID-19 related restrictions are lifted allowing more people to return to other activities which are more restricted due to the pandemic. The need for fee increases for all District programs and facilities will continue to be evaluated on an annual basis and be based on competitive rates for the markets we serve.

In November, 2017 a majority of the District's voters authorized the District to increase its mill levy 2.75 mills for general operating and other purposes. The mill increase has a nine-year sunset provision and it resulted in a significant increase in property tax revenues for 2019 and 2020 and will continue to do so throughout the duration of the nine-year increase.

In November, 2020 District voters approved a ballot question authorizing the continuation of a mill levy of 1.534 mills for Sub-District A for all future years. The mill levy was previously associated with the District's General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, dated February 23, 2010, which were paid in full in 2020. Revenue generated from the tax was approved to be used for general fund purposes including capital improvements and operational priorities.

Property tax revenue increases resulting from assessed valuation changes beyond 2020 are not expected to be significant. Some modest new development is expected to take place within District boundaries, which would result in potential increases in assessed valuations due to growth related to new construction.

In time, the District expects that revenue streams will return to pre-pandemic levels, however, all major operating costs are expected to increase annually due to general inflationary trends in the foreseeable future. The District will continue to evaluate opportunities to increase its revenue streams and manage available funds as efficiently as possible.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report provides a general overview of Foothills Park & Recreation District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or to request additional financial information should be addressed to the attention of Director of Finance and Administrative Services at Foothills Park & Recreation District, 6612 S Ward Street, Littleton, Colorado 80127.

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020 and 2019

		2020		2019
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	13,805,354	\$	12,079,071
Nonrestricted Short-Term Investments	Ψ	247,244	Ψ.	496,302
Receivables		484,016		833,577
Property Taxes Receivables		13,126,245		13,071,945
Inventories		186,964		191,430
Prepaid Expenses		309,573		144,237
Total Current Assets		28,159,396		26,816,562
Non-Current Assets				
Nonrestricted Long-Term Investments		752,478		988,377
Land, Water Rights and Construction in Progress		25,878,025		26,017,338
Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		55,893,153		55,670,004
Deposits		-		3,594
Investment in Bergen Ditch and Reservoir Co. and Bergen Land Co.		4,122		8,617
Total Non-Current Assets		82,527,778		82,687,930
Total Assets		110,687,174		109,504,492
DECEMBED OFFEL OWS OF DESOURCES				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Charges		306,354		442,679
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	110,993,528	\$	109,947,171
Total Alsocis and Deterior Surnows of Resources	Ψ	110,773,320	<u> </u>	100,017,171
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payables	\$	1,092,309	\$	1,366,011
Interest Payable		54,213		68,541
Accrued Payroll Payable		60,114		406,096
Long-Term Debt Payable (Current Portion)		1,235,700		3,248,600
Unearned Revenue		326,362		652,637
Total Current Liabilities		2,768,698		5,741,885
Non-Current Liabilities				
Compensated Absences Payable		597,935		523,323
Long-Term Debt Payable		13,837,268		15,214,798
Total Non-Current Liabilities		14,435,203		15,738,121
Total Liabilities		17,203,901		21,480,006
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Property Taxes		13,126,245		13,071,945
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	30,330,146		34,551,951
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		67,004,564		63,666,623
Restricted		736,000		804,000
Unrestricted	_	12,922,818		10,924,597
Total Net Position		80,663,382		75,395,220
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$	110,993,528	\$	109,947,171

These financial statements should be read only in conjunction with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	 2020	 2019	 Change	% Change
OPERATING REVENUES				
Fees and Charges:				
Aquatics	\$ 386,017	\$ 865,612	\$ (479,595)	-55.41%
Children's Programs	1,260,708	3,271,735	(2,011,027)	-61.47%
Golf	6,645,712	4,775,944	1,869,768	39.15%
Ice Arena	1,519,297	2,063,992	(544,695)	-26.39%
Recreation Centers	875,736	1,487,502	(611,766)	-41.13%
Recreation Programs	1,015,556	2,372,571	(1,357,015)	-57.20%
Parks and Regional Parks	236,456	480,606	(244,150)	-50.80%
General and Administrative	8,748	 17,714	(8,966)	-50.62%
Total Operating Revenues	 11,948,230	 15,335,676	 (3,387,446)	-22.09%
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Aquatics	1,421,466	1,862,411	(440,945)	-23.68%
Children's Programs	1,949,635	2,671,742	(722,107)	-27.03%
Golf	4,227,776	4,064,711	163,065	4.01%
Ice Arena	1,456,453	1,792,884	(336,431)	-18.76%
Recreation Centers	3,086,419	3,524,885	(438,466)	-12.44%
Recreation Programs	1,468,639	1,926,848	(458,209)	-23.78%
Parks and Regional Parks	5,483,956	5,002,323	481,633	9.63%
General and Administrative	 2,307,096	 1,976,057	331,039	16.75%
Total Operating Expenses	21,401,440	22,821,861	(1,420,421)	-6.22%
NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	 (9,453,210)	(7,486,185)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes	14,002,521	12,673,093	1,329,428	10.49%
Conservation Trust	501,080	553,927	(52,847)	-9.54%
Grants and Contributions	1,977,388	931,793	1,045,595	112.21%
Grants Expenditures	(135,131)	(219,336)	84,205	-38.39%
Facilities & Equipment Repairs and Replacements	(899,312)	(1,289,710)	390,398	-30.27%
Investment Income	82,720	213,569	(130,849)	-61.27%
Interest Expense	(689,503)	(805,294)	115,791	-14.38%
Interest Expense Subsidy	26,928	33,575	(6,647)	-19.80%
Loss on Investment in Bergen Ditch and Reservoir Co. and Bergen Land Co.	(12,563)	(25,423)	12,860	-50.58%
Gain (Loss) on the Sale of Assets	28,673	(19,775)	48,448	-245.00%
Proceeds from Insurance	28,994	8,855	20,139	227.43%
Other Expense	 (190,423)	 (165,141)	(25,282)	15.31%
Total Net Non-Operating Revenues	 14,721,372	11,890,133	2,831,239	23.81%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	5,268,162	4,403,948	864,214	19.62%
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	75,395,220	70,991,272	4,403,948	6.20%
NET POSITION, End of Year	\$ 80,663,382	\$ 75,395,220	\$ 5,268,162	6.99%

These financial statements should be read only in conjunction with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	 2020	 2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 _	 _
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 11,975,110	\$ 15,626,505
Payments to Suppliers	(6,828,196)	(6,514,362)
Payments to Employees	(12,210,864)	(12,828,142)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	 (7,063,950)	 (3,715,999)
CASH FLOW FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes	14,002,521	12,673,093
Receipts from Conservation Trust Fund	501,080	553,927
Grants and Contributions Received, Net of Expenditures	1,842,257	712,457
Facilities & Equipment Repairs and Replacements	(899,312)	(1,289,710)
Other Expenditures	 (190,423)	 (165,141)
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	 15,256,123	 12,484,626
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest Expense Paid on Bonds and Leases	(682,408)	(789,425)
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(3,152,158)	(6,575,405)
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets	28,673	56,694
Proceeds from Insurance	28,994	8,855
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt	 (3,248,600)	(3,131,300)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (7,025,499)	 (10,430,581)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Maturity (Purchase) of Investments	484,957	(262,911)
Investment in Bergen Ditch and Reservoir Co. and Bergen Land Co.	(8,068)	(7,558)
Interest on Investments	82,720	213,569
Net Cash Provided by (Used by) Investing Activities	559,609	(56,900)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,726,283	(1,718,854)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year	 12,079,071	13,797,925
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	\$ 13,805,354	\$ 12,079,071

These financial statements should be read only in conjunction with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

(Continued)

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Continued)

	2020	2019
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH		
USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Loss	\$ (9,453,210)	\$ (7,486,185)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by		
Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	3,068,322	2,828,543
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	349,561	207,214
Inventories	4,466	21,411
Prepaid Expense	(165,336)	448,771
Deposits	3,594	(716)
Accounts Payable	(273,702)	144,348
Accrued Payroll Payable	(345,982)	29,192
Compensated Absences Payable	74,612	7,092
Unearned Revenue	 (326,275)	 84,331
Total Adjustments	 2,389,260	 3,770,186
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (7,063,950)	\$ (3,715,999)

These financial statements should be read only in conjunction with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1: DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Financial Reporting Entity

Foothills Park & Recreation District (the "District) is a governmental unit (special district) operating in accordance with Colorado Statute. The District is governed by a five-member elected Board of Directors. The District was established to provide park and recreation facilities and programs in southern Jefferson County.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards, the District has considered the possibility of inclusion of additional entities in its financial statements. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The District is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially responsible for legally separate organizations if the District officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and, either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide benefits to or, to impose specific financial burdens on the District. The District may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Component Unit

The Foothills Park & Recreation District Building Authority (the Building Authority) is governed by a board that consists of a voting majority appointed by the governing board of the District. In addition, the District is financially accountable for the Building Authority, and the Building Authority is financially dependent upon the District. The Building Authority is consolidated into the financial statements of the District. The Building Authority does not issue separate financial statements. In 2015, the District refunded the 2006 Certificates of Participation which were held by the Building Authority. Coincident with the refunding transaction, the Building Authority transferred the deed of all properties owned to the District. As a result, the Building Authority had no financial activity in 2020 and 2019.

Joint Venture

The Bergen Ditch and Reservoir Company (Bergen Ditch) and Bergen Ditch Land Company (Bergen Land) are corporations owned and controlled by various governmental entities and private individuals. The purpose of Bergen Ditch is to own and operate a water ditch system known as the Bergen Ditch. The District has a 23.8% ownership interest in Bergen Ditch and a 26.3% ownership interest in Bergen Land. In addition, the District leases another 60.5% of shares with voting interests in Bergen Ditch from Jefferson County. The District's Executive Director and Director of Parks, Planning and Construction served on the Board of Directors of Bergen Ditch in 2020 and 2019. The District's share in this joint venture is included as an investment on the financial statements. The financial statements for Bergen Ditch and Bergen Land are available at 9329 Lark Sparrow Trail, Highlands Ranch, CO 80126.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Foothills Park & Recreation District conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

Measurement Focus

The District is accounted for as a single enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are a type of proprietary fund and as such, are reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for proprietary funds as defined by GASB. The proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the Statement of Net Position.

Basis of Accounting

The District uses the accrual basis of accounting, where revenues are recognized when they are earned and measurable, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

Proprietary Fund

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal ongoing operations of the District result in revenue from charges to patrons for admissions to recreation facilities, rental of recreation facilities, fees paid for participation in recreation programs, and green fees for usage of the District's golf courses. All activities not associated with the principal ongoing operations of the District are reported as non-operating revenues or expenses.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are recorded at fair value. Local government investment pools are recorded at net asset value. Money market funds are valued at amortized cost.

Inventory and Prepaid Expenses

Merchandise inventory held for resale is valued at the lower of cost or market. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows or resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflow of resources, represents a consumption of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows or resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflow of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Restricted Assets

It is the District's policy to first use restricted, if any, and then unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted amounts are available.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the Jefferson County Assessor, generally as of November 30th of each year.

The levy is normally set by December 15th by certification to the Jefferson County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1st of the following year.

The Jefferson County Treasurer (Treasurer) collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April, or in equal installments in February and June at the taxpayer's election. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August, and tax lien sales are in November.

The Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District. Property taxes receivable not collected within 30 days of year-end have been recorded as deferred revenue. Since property taxes are levied in December for the next calendar year's operations, the total levy is reported as property taxes receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for property taxes.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets include property, improvements to property, buildings, equipment, and water rights with an initial individual value of \$5,000 or greater. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or at an estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Depreciation begins in the year of the completion for assets under construction. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from 5 to 50 years.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation amounts are accrued. District employees with 1-4 years of full-time service can accumulate up to 120 vacation hours, 5-9 years of full time service can accumulate up to 180 vacation hours, and 10 or more years of full-time service can accumulate up to 240 vacation hours. Accrued vacation is paid to employees upon termination of employment.

Amortization

Bond and Certificate of Participation Original Issue Premium and/or Discount

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. The amortization amount related to the bond premiums and/or discounts is a component of interest expense and the unamortized balances are reflected as an addition or reduction of bonds payable, respectively.

Deferred Cost on Bond and Certificate of Participation Refunding

The deferred costs on the bond and certificate of participation refundings are being amortized using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method, over the shorter of the life of the new or life of the defeased bonds or certificates of participation. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred cost is reflected as deferred charges in deferred outflows of resources on the statement of financial position.

Budgets

In accordance with State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget and appropriation resolutions upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The appropriation is at the total fund level and lapses at year-end. The Building Authority had no budget for 2020 or 2019.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on net position or changes in net position and were made to provide further detail of financial statement amounts.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash Deposits

Colorado statutes require that the District use eligible public depositories, as defined by the Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) of 1975. Under the Act, the depository is required to pledge collateral having a market value at all times equal to at least 102% of the aggregate public deposits held by the depository not insured by federal deposit insurance. Eligible collateral, as defined by the Act, primarily includes obligations or guarantees by the U.S. Government, the State of Colorado, or any political subdivision thereof, and obligations evidenced by notes secured first by lien mortgages or deeds of trust on real property. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group.

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District's cash deposits had a carrying balance of \$5,199,540 and \$4,064,773, respectively. The District's cash deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk, as all deposits were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized in accordance with PDPA. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

At December 31, 2020, the District had the following investments and remaining maturities:

	2020								
Investment Type		Value	Measurement	Maturities					
Money Market Funds	\$	1,776,801	Amortized Cost	Less than 12 Months					
Local Government Investment Pools		6,820,323	Net Asset Value	Less than 12 Months					
Bank Certificate of Deposits		752,478	Fair Value	More than 12 Months					
Bank Certificate of Deposits		247,244	Fair Value	Less than 12 Months					
Total	\$	9,596,846							

At December 31, 2019, the District had the following investments and remaining maturities:

	2019								
Investment Type		Value	Measurement	<u>Maturities</u>					
Money Market Funds	\$	1,234,693	Amortized Cost	Less than 12 Months					
Local Government Investment Pools		6,770,882	Net Asset Value	Less than 12 Months					
Bank Certificate of Deposits		988,377	Fair Value	More than 12 Months					
Bank Certificate of Deposits		496,302	Fair Value	Less than 12 Months					
Total	\$	9,490,254							

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District had \$1,280,353 and \$1,232,931, respectively, invested with Firstbank Colorado and \$496,448 and \$1,762, respectively, in money market investment accounts other financial institutions.

In addition, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District had invested \$6,820,323 and \$6,770,882, respectively, in the Colorado Liquid Asset Trust Fund (COLOTRUST), which has a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. COLOTRUST is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds and is regulated by the State Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by the entities.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District had \$999,722 and \$1,484,679, respectively, invested in U.S. Treasury Agency Securities and bank market indexed and market linked certificates of deposit. These investments are valued with Level 1 inputs.

Investments and Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the District may invest. These instruments are:

Certain money market funds
Certain marketable repurchase agreements
Certain marketable reverse repurchase agreements
Certain guaranteed investment contracts
Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
Certain corporate bonds
General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
Local government investment pools

In order to minimize credit risk the District follows the State Statutes by investing only in the instruments noted above.

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from prevailing market interest rates, the District primarily invests in Local Government Investment Pools which have a weighted average maturity of not more than 90 days. The District's investment policy states that investments with maturities longer than three or five years depending on the investment require approval from the Board of Directors.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District had no investment in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represents 5% or more of total District investments at December 31, 2020.

Summary of District Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash deposits and investments at December 31, 2020 and 2019, are summarized as follows:

	 2020	_	2019
Petty Cash	\$ 8,690	\$	8,723
Cash Deposits	5,199,540		4,064,773
Investments	9,596,846		9,490,254
Total Cash Deposits and Investments	\$ 14,805,076	\$	13,563,750

Cash deposits and investments as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 were reflected on the statement of net position as follows:

	2020	 2019	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,805,354	\$ 12,079,071	
Non-Restricted Investments	 999,722	 1,484,679	
Total Cash Deposits and Investments	\$ 14,805,076	\$ 13,563,750	

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

A summary of changes in capital assets for 2020 is as follows:

	JANUARY 1, 2020 BALANCE		INCREASES		DECREASES		CEMBER 31, 2020 SALANCE
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated							
Land	\$	23,728,375	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 23,728,375
Water Rights		785,337		-		-	785,337
Construction in Progress		1,503,626		1,364,313		(1,503,626)	1,364,313
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		26,017,338		1,364,313		(1,503,626)	25,878,025
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated							
Buildings		46,706,900		65,132		-	46,772,032
Improvements		46,631,987		2,588,741		(511,500)	48,709,228
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment		8,875,179		557,031		(79,767)	9,352,443
Vehicles		1,954,826		80,567		(23,897)	2,011,496
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		104,168,892		3,291,471		(615,164)	106,845,199
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings		(17,519,043)		(1,023,309)		-	(18,542,352)
Improvements		(22,687,283)		(1,483,040)		511,500	(23,658,823)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment		(7,047,840)		(444,353)		79,767	(7,412,426)
Vehicles		(1,244,722)		(117,620)		23,897	 (1,338,445)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(48,498,888)		(3,068,322)		615,164	(50,952,046)
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		55,670,004		223,149		_	55,893,153
Net Capital Assets	\$	81,687,342	\$	1,587,462	\$	(1,503,626)	\$ 81,771,178

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION (CONTINUED)

A summary of changes in capital assets for 2019 is as follows:

	JA	ANUARY 1, 2019					DE	CEMBER 31, 2019
	Е	BALANCE	INCREASES		DECREASES			BALANCE
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$	23,728,375	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,728,375
Water Rights		785,337		-		-		785,337
Construction in Progress		1,239,697		1,503,626		(1,239,697)		1,503,626
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		25,753,409		1,503,626		(1,239,697)		26,017,338
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated								
Buildings		46,706,900		-		_		46,706,900
Improvements		41,310,902		5,825,820		(504,735)		46,631,987
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment		8,719,802		326,228		(170,851)		8,875,179
Vehicles		1,962,224		159,428		(166,826)		1,954,826
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		98,699,828		6,311,476		(842,412)		104,168,892
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings		(16,497,565)		(1,021,478)		_		(17,519,043)
Improvements		(21,934,152)		(1,181,597)		428,466		(22,687,283)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment		(6,703,075)		(515,516)		170,751		(7,047,840)
Vehicles		(1,301,496)		(109,952)		166,726		(1,244,722)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(46,436,288)		(2,828,543)		765,943		(48,498,888)
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		52,263,540		3,482,933		(76,469)		55,670,004
Net Capital Assets	\$	78,016,949	\$	4,986,559	\$	(1,316,166)	\$	81,687,342

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, depreciation expense was charged to programs as follows:

	41,501
Aquatics \$ 140,654 \$	71,501
Children's Programs 19,704	19,704
Golf Courses 356,879	348,435
Ice Arena 238,040	263,866
Recreation Centers 883,098	399,165
Recreation Programs 16,762	3,757
Parks and Regional Parks 1,371,101 1,	082,326
General and Administration 42,084	69,789
Total \$ 3,068,322 \$ 2,5	328,543

NOTE 5: LONG TERM DEBT

The following is an analysis of the changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	January 1,				December 31,					
	2020			2020			2020	Current		
	Balance Additions		Deletions		Balance		Portion			
2010 General Obligation Bonds	\$	1,830,000	\$	-	\$	(1,830,000)	\$	-	\$	-
2012 General Obligation Bonds		311,600		-		(98,600)		213,000		105,700
2011 Revenue Bonds		210,000		-		(210,000)		-		-
2010 Certificates of Participation, Taxable QECB Series 2010B		800,000		-		(260,000)		540,000		265,000
2013 Certificates of Participation		4,925,000		-		(275,000)		4,650,000		275,000
2015 Certificates of Participation		9,435,000		-		(575,000)		8,860,000		590,000
Compensated Absences		523,323		91,330		(16,718)		597,935		-
		18,034,923		91,330		(3,265,318)		14,860,935		1,235,700
Less deferred charges Plus net unamortized original issue premium		(442,679)		-		136,325		(306,354)		-
i lus net unamortizeu originarissue premium	•	951,798	•	01 220	•	(141,830)	•	809,968	•	1 225 700
	3	18,544,042	3	91,330	2	(3,270,823)		15,364,549	\$	1,235,700

The following is an analysis of the changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	2019					2019		Current		
	Balance		Additions		Deletions		Balance			Portion
2010 General Obligation Bonds	\$	3,585,000	\$	-	\$	(1,755,000)	\$	1,830,000	\$	1,830,000
2012 General Obligation Bonds		407,900		-		(96,300)		311,600		98,600
2011 Revenue Bonds		410,000		-		(200,000)		210,000		210,000
2010 Certificates of Participation, Series 2010A		55,000		-		(55,000)		-		-
2010 Certificates of Participation, Taxable QECB Series 2010B		1,000,000		-		(200,000)		800,000		260,000
2013 Certificates of Participation		5,335,000		-		(410,000)		4,925,000		275,000
2015 Certificates of Participation		9,850,000		-		(415,000)		9,435,000		575,000
Compensated Absences		516,231		54,793		(47,701)		523,323		-
		21,159,131		54,793		(3,179,001)		18,034,923		3,248,600
Less deferred charges		(579,004)				136,325		(442,679)		-
Plus net unamortized original issue premium		1,093,627		-		(141,829)		951,798		-
	\$	21,673,754	\$	54,793	\$	(3,184,505)	\$	18,544,042	\$	3,248,600

General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General Obligation bonds require a vote by the District's residents and are direct obligations and pledge the full faith of the District.

NOTE 5: LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

GO Series 2010 - In 2010, the District issued a total of \$15,310,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, dated February 23, 2010. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to refund a portion of the District's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2001, and to pay the costs of issuance of the Bonds. The bonds carry interest rates from 2.0% to 5.0% due semi-annually and mature serially beginning in 2010 and continue through 2020. The bond refunding saved a majority of the District taxpayers approximately \$1,335,374 in gross tax dollars between 2010 and 2020 as a result of the lower interest on the refunded bonds. These bonds were paid in full in 2020.

GO Series 2012 - In 2012, the District issued a total of \$974,700 of General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2012, dated March 20, 2012. Proceeds from the sale of the bond were used to refund a portion of the District's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002, and to pay the costs of issuance of the Bonds. The Bond is subject to quarterly mandatory sinking fund redemption. The Bond matures on December 1, 2022 and bears interest at the rate of 2.73% per annum. The Bond refunding saved taxpayers in Subdistrict B (Kipling Villas) \$124,568 in gross tax dollars through December 1, 2022 as a result of the lower interest on the refunded bond.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31,	I	Principal	In	iterest	 Total
2021	\$	105,700	\$	4,738	\$ 110,438
2022		107,300		1,837	109,137
Total	\$	213,000	\$	6,575	\$ 219,575

Revenue Bonds

The District issues revenue bonds where the District pledges income derived from golf course revenues to pay the debt service.

Revenue Bond Series 2011 - In 2011, the District issued a total of \$1,815,000 of Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011, dated June 28, 2011. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds along with \$219,034 of District funds were used to refund the District's Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2001, and to pay the costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds carry interest rate of 3.52% due semi-annually and mature serially beginning in 2011 and continue through 2020. The bond refunding saved the District \$369,898 from 2011 through 2020 as a result of the lower interest on the refunded bonds and the pay-down of the principal balance. The Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011, do not have a reserve requirement. These bonds were paid in full in 2020.

NOTE 5: LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Certificates of Participation (COPs)

The District and the Building Authority issue certificates of participation to finance needed recreation facilities.

Foothills Park & Recreation COP Lease Purchase 2010 - In 2010, the District issued \$1,895,000 of Certificates of Participation Series 2010A and \$1,000,000 of Certificates of Participation Taxable QECB Series 2010B both dated August 19, 2010. The District applied and was awarded by the State Governor's Energy Office \$1,000,000 of "qualified energy conservation bonds" which enabled a portion of the interest paid on the Taxable QECB 2010B certificates to be eligible for an annual cash subsidy payment from the United States Treasury.

The certificates were issued for the purpose of financing energy conservation projects as set forth in the Energy Performance Contracts the District entered into in 2010. The Series 2010A certificates mature between 2011 and 2019 and carry interest rates between 2.00% and 3.00% due semiannually. The Taxable QECB Series 2010B certificates due October 1, 2022 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemptions between 2019 and 2022 and carry interest rate of 5.75% due semiannually. Net of the government interest subsidy payment the District receives from the Federal government, effective interest rate is reduced from 5.75% to 2.17%.

Foothills Park & Recreation COP Lease Purchase 2013 - In 2013, the District issued \$9,300,000 of Certificates of Participation dated May 15, 2013. Proceeds from the sale of the bond were used to refund a portion of the District's Certificates of Participation Bonds, Series 2002 and 2004, and to pay the costs of issuance of the Bonds. These certificates mature between 2013 and 2028 and carry interest rates between 2.00% to 3.25% due semiannually.

Foothills Park & Recreation COP Lease Purchase 2015- In 2015, the District issued \$11,055,000 of Certificates of Participation dated November 12, 2015. The certificates were issued to refund the outstanding balance of the 2006 COPs, to pay the costs of issuance of the Certificates, and to finance capital improvements at Clement Park. These certificates mature between 2016 and 2032 and carry interest rates between 2.0% and 5.0% due semiannually.

The Ice Arena, Ridge Recreation Center, and the Peak administrative building are collateral for the 2006 and 2013 COPs, the Ice Arena and the Peak Community and Wellness Center are collateral for the 2015 COPs, and a portion of the Lilley Gulch Recreation Center is collateral for the 2010 COPs.

NOTE 5: LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the certificates of participation are as follows:

Year End:	ing				
December	31,	Principal	Interest		 Total
2021		\$ 1,130,000	\$	569,588	\$ 1,699,588
2022		1,165,000		529,775	1,694,775
2023		915,000		487,263	1,402,263
2024		950,000		459,813	1,409,813
2025		980,000		424,813	1,404,813
2026 - 2030		6,295,000		1,414,425	7,709,425
2031 - 2032		2,615,000		197,750	 2,812,750
	Total	\$ 14,050,000	\$	4,083,427	\$ 18,133,427

NOTE 6: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Risk Management and Related Insurance Issues

The District is subject to various risks of loss. These risks include theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions by management or the Board of Directors, job-related illnesses or injuries to employees, torts, and injury to persons or damage to property resulting from a construction project, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public official's liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public official's liability and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceeded amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

For 2020 and 2019, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year for any major category of risk. The amount of settlements did not exceed the insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. The amount of risk retained by the District through deductibles on the insurance policies was not material to the District.

Legal Matters

In the opinion of the District's management and counsel, there is no pending litigation or other legal claims which would materially affect the financial statements of the District.

NOTE 7: SALARY DEFERRAL PLAN

The District has a salary deferral plan (Plan) that was converted from a defined benefit plan to a defined contribution plan in 1982. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the District's Board of Directors. Full and part-time employees are eligible to participate in the plan on the first day of the month following completion of 30 days of employment if they are at least 21 years of age. Each eligible employee is allowed to defer compensation in 1% increments of their pay, but their deferral may not exceed the specific annual dollar amount determined by the Internal Revenue Service. The District may make non-elective contributions to full-time employees' account in the Plan in the amount determined by the District at its discretion. The District's contributions plus earnings become vested at a rate of 20% after the first year of employment, 40% after the second year of employment and are 100% vested after the third year of employment. District contributions for plan participants who leave employment before they are fully vested are forfeited. Participant forfeitures will be used to reduce the Employer Discretionary Contributions to the Plan for the Plan Year in which the forfeitures occur. There is no liability for benefits under the Plan beyond the District's discretionary contributions.

The District has the authority to determine the amount, if any, of discretionary contributions to the Plan. The District's discretionary contributions made in 2020 and 2019 were \$268,454 and \$243,254, respectively.

NOTE 8: TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

In November, 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"). TABOR contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Under TABOR, spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

In May 2002, the District voters approved a ballot question to remove the revenue and spending limitations of the TABOR amendment from the entire District. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment based on the interpretations of the amendment's language.

NOTE 8: TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

In November, 2017 a majority of the District's voters authorized the District to increase its mill levy 2.75 mills for general operating and other purposes for a nine-year period only, ending in collection year 2026. The additional tax revenue is being used through the nine-year period to: provide better park maintenance, improve conditions of parks and sports fields, improve neighborhood and community parks, improve outdated and failing equipment, repair and enhance trails for better connectivity, repair facilities and offset increasing operational and maintenance costs. Such revenue shall be collected, retained and spent notwithstanding any other revenue limits provided by law.

In November, 2020 District voters approved a ballot question authorizing the continuation of a mill levy of 1.534 mills for Sub-District A for all future years. The mill levy was previously associated with the District's General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, dated February 23, 2010, which were paid in full in 2020. Revenue generated from the tax was approved to be used for general fund purposes including capital improvements and operational priorities and is not subject to any limitation under TABOR.

NOTE 9: NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted net position.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net invested in capital assets consists of amount invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and further reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

The District's Net Investment in Capital Assets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, was calculated as follows:

	 2020	_	2019
Capital Assets	\$ 81,771,178	\$	81,687,342
Outstanding Debt	(14,263,000)		(17,511,600)
Unamortized Bond Debt Premium	(809,968)		(951,798)
Unamortized Deferred Charges	306,354		442,679
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 67,004,564	\$	63,666,623

Restricted Net Position

Restricted Net Position represents assets that have third party limitations on their use. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District had a Restricted Net Position of \$736,000 and \$804,000, respectively, consisting of emergency reserves required under TABOR.

NOTE 9: NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Unrestricted Net Position

Unrestricted Net Position represents assets that do not have any third party limitations on their use. While District management may have categorized and segmented portions for various purposes, the District Board of Directors has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these managerial decisions. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District had an Unrestricted Net Position of \$12,922,818 and \$10,924,597, respectively.

NOTE 10: FOOTHILLS ARTS & EVENTS AGENCY

The Foothills Park & Recreation District Cultural Arts Agency was created in 1993 to better serve the public in the arts. In April of 2014, the Cultural Arts Agency was rebranded as the Foothills Arts & Events Agency ("The Agency"). The Agency creates, establishes, puts on and provides classes and opportunities for district-wide cultural arts services for the benefit of the taxpayers of the District, said services to include fine and leisure arts, performing arts and culturally related special events. The Agency is subsidized by grants and contributions from a variety of sources. In 2020 and 2019, the Agency received funding from the Scientific and Cultural Facilities District in the amount of \$28,000 and \$30,810, respectively, to support its mission. The Agency is tracked as a separate department but is reported within the financial statements of the District. In 2020 and 2019, the Agency had total revenue of \$133,053 and \$367,812, respectively, and total expenses of \$225,243 and \$361,638, respectively.

NOTE 11: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The District's Executive Director and Director of Parks, Planning & Construction served on the Board of Directors of Bergen Ditch in 2020 and 2019. The District owns a 23.8% interest in Bergen Ditch and a 26.3% interest in Bergen Land, which are valued as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 at \$4,122 and \$8,617, respectively.

NOTE 12: RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES GAAP TO BUDGETARY BASIS

For financial statement presentation purposes the District is shown as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds recognize income when earned and expenses when incurred. Depreciation is recorded on capitalized equipment. For budgetary purposes, all receipts are shown as revenue when received regardless of whether they are earned revenue or liabilities, and expenditures are recorded for all disbursements, including capital expenditures and debt service payments, regardless of the period those disbursements benefit. See Supplementary Information for Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures prepared using Non-GAAP budgetary basis.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (NON GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (UNAUDITED) ENTERPRISE FUND

	ı	Actual	Budget	F	'ariance avorable favorable)
OPERATING REVENUES					
Aquatics	\$	386,017	\$ 959,071	\$	(573,054)
Children's Programs		1,260,708	3,360,161		(2,099,453)
Golf (Pledged for Payment of Revenue Bonds)		6,645,712	4,929,307		1,716,405
Ice Arena		1,519,297	2,124,306		(605,009)
Recreation Centers		875,736	1,813,806		(938,070)
Recreation Programs		1,015,556	2,338,516		(1,322,960)
Parks and Regional Parks		236,456	539,958		(303,502)
General and Administrative		8,748	21,600		(12,852)
Total Operating Revenues		11,948,230	16,086,725		(4,138,495)
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Aquatics		1,280,813	1,980,464		699,651
Children's Programs		1,929,931	2,970,339		1,040,408
Golf		3,870,896	3,905,907		35,011
Ice Arena		1,218,413	1,541,548		323,135
Recreation Centers		2,203,321	2,905,443		702,122
Recreation Programs		1,451,877	2,075,421		623,544
Parks and Regional Parks		4,112,855	4,318,640		205,785
General and Administrative		2,265,012	2,312,913		47,901
Total Operating Expenses		18,333,118	22,010,675		3,677,557
NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS		(6,384,888)	(5,923,950)		(460,938)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Funds Available		-	2,936,122		(2,936,122)
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes		14,002,521	13,885,584		116,937
Conservation Trust		501,080	492,764		8,316
Grants		1,977,388	164,737		1,812,651
Grants Expenditures		(129,847)	(245,777)		115,930
Facilities & Equipment Repairs and Replacements		(4,056,755)	(7,328,192)		3,271,437
Investment in Bergen Ditch and Reservoir Co. and Bergen Land Co.		(8,067)	-		(8,067)
Investment Income		82,720	142,977		(60,257)
Debt Service:		- ,	, , , , ,		(,,
Long-term Debt Principal and Interest		(3,943,608)	(3,957,907)		14,299
Interest Expense Subsidy		26,928	35,770		(8,842)
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets		12,600	-		12,600
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets, Net of Expense		16,073	_		16,073
Proceeds from Insurance		28,994	_		28,994
Other Expense		(190,423)	(182,374)		(8,049)
Total Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		8,319,604	5,943,704		2,375,900
NET CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE		1,934,716	\$ 19,754	\$	1,914,962
FUNDS AVAILABLE - Beginning of year		11,719,980			
FUNDS AVAILABLE - End of year	\$	13,654,696			
Funds available is computed as follows:					
Current Assets	\$	28,159,396			
Non-restricted Long-term investments		752,478			
Current Liabilities		(2,768,698)			
Compensated Absences Payable		(597,935)			
Current Portion of Long-term Debt		1,235,700			
Deferred Property Taxes		(13,126,245)			
	\$	13,654,696			
		, ,			

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF NON GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS (ACTUAL) TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) ENTERPRISE FUND

Operating Revenues (Both Budgetary Basis and GAAP)	\$ 11,948,230
Operating Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	18,333,118
Depreciation	3,068,322
Operating Expenditures (GAAP)	21,401,440
Non-operating Revenues (Expenditures) (Budgetary Basis)	8,319,604
Long-Term Debt Principal Payments	3,248,600
Amortization of Bond Premiums on Long-term Debt Refundings	141,830
Amortization of Losses on Long-term Debt Refundings	(136,325)
Loss on Investment in Bergen Ditch LLC and Bergen Land LLC	(12,563)
Capital Outlay	3,160,226
Non-operating Revenues (Expenditures) (GAAP)	14,721,372
Change in Net Position per Statement of Revenue, Expenses and	
Changes in Fund Net Position	\$ 5,268,162

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (NON GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (UNAUDITED) ENTERPRISE FUND

	Actual	Budget	F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
OPERATING REVENUES	 	 	(
Aquatics	\$ 865,612	\$ 957,379	\$	(91,767)
Children's Programs	3,271,735	3,158,758		112,977
Golf (Pledged for Payment of Revenue Bonds)	4,775,944	4,843,132		(67,188)
Ice Arena	2,063,992	2,135,561		(71,569)
Recreation Centers	1,487,502	1,653,829		(166,327)
Recreation Programs	2,372,571	2,344,907		27,664
Parks and Regional Parks	480,606	541,330		(60,724)
General and Administrative	17,714	20,000		(2,286)
Total Operating Revenues	15,335,676	15,654,896		(319,220)
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Aquatics	1,720,910	1,849,694		128,784
Children's Programs	2,652,037	2,672,167		20,130
Golf	3,716,276	3,794,167		77,891
Ice Arena	1,529,018	1,505,979		(23,039)
Recreation Centers	2,625,720	2,592,979		(32,741)
Recreation Programs	1,923,090	1,914,649		(8,441)
Parks and Regional Parks	3,919,998	4,086,250		166,252
General and Administrative	1,906,269	2,035,331		129,062
Total Operating Expenses	 19,993,318	20,451,216		457,898
NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(4,657,642)	(4,796,320)		138,678
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Funds Available	-	5,342,261		(5,342,261)
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes	12,673,093	12,396,627		276,466
Conservation Trust	553,927	481,441		72,486
Grants	931,793	877,071		54,722
Grants Expenditures	(2,537,105)	(2,577,403)		40,298
Facilities & Equipment Repairs and Replacements	(5,547,344)	(7,732,690)		2,185,346
Investment in Bergen Ditch and Reservoir Co. and Bergen Land Co.	(7,559)	-		(7,559)
Investment Income	213,569	109,917		103,652
Debt Service:				
Long-term Debt Principal and Interest	(3,942,099)	(3,954,300)		12,201
Interest Expense Subsidy	33,575	35,770		(2,195)
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	46,376	-		46,376
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets, Net of Expense	10,317	-		10,317
Proceeds from Insurance	8,855	-		8,855
Other Income	-	-		-
Other Expense	 (165,141)	(182,374)		17,233
Total Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	2,272,257	4,796,320		(2,524,063)
NET CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE	(2,385,385)	\$ -	\$	(2,385,385)
FUNDS AVAILABLE - Beginning of year	 14,105,365			
FUNDS AVAILABLE - End of year	\$ 11,719,980			
Funds available is computed as follows:				
Current Assets	\$ 26,816,562			
Deposits	3,594			
Non-restricted Long-term investments	988,377			
Current Liabilities	(5,741,885)			
Compensated Absences Payable	(523,323)			
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	3,248,600			
Deferred Property Taxes	(13,071,945)			
1 2	\$ 11,719,980			
	 , ,			

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF NON GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS (ACTUAL) TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) ENTERPRISE FUND

Operating Revenues (Both Budgetary Basis and GAAP)	\$ 15,335,676
Operating Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	19,993,318
Depreciation	2,828,543
Operating Expenditures (GAAP)	22,821,861
Non-operating Revenues (Expenditures) (Budgetary Basis)	2,272,257
Long-Term Debt Principal Payments	3,131,300
Amortization of Bond Premiums on Long-term Debt Refundings	141,829
Amortization of Losses on Long-term Debt Refundings	(136,325)
Loss on Investment in Bergen Ditch LLC and Bergen Land LLC	(25,423)
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	(76,468)
Capital Outlay	6,582,963
Non-operating Revenues (Expenditures) (GAAP)	11,890,133
Change in Net Position per Statement of Revenue, Expenses and	
Changes in Fund Net Position	\$ 4,403,948

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT HISTORY OF DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVIES AND PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS (UNAUDITED)

The following tables set forth assessed valuation, mill levy and property tax information for the District, including information regarding Subdistrict A and Subdistrict B.

History of District Assessed Valuation

Levy/Collection Year	Regular District Property (1)	Subdistrict A	Subdistrict B	Entire District Total (2)	Percent Change
2015/2016	105,317,577	969,963,337	17,666,714	1,075,280,914	15.49%
2016/2017	103,974,440	977,906,463	17,665,319	1,081,880,903	0.61%
2017/2018	91,922,131	1,124,392,053	20,904,712	1,216,314,184	12.43%
2018/2019	88,556,560	1,129,978,658	20,937,296	1,218,535,218	0.18%
2019/2020	96,737,259	1,279,056,793	23,836,379	1,375,794,052	12.91%

⁽¹⁾ Represents property within the District that is not within Subdistrict A or Subdistrict B.

History of Mill Levies

_	Distric	t	Subdistr	rict A	Subdistrict B		
Levy/Collection Year	General	Bond	General (1) (2)	Bond	General (1) (2)	Bond	
2015/2016	4.079	0.000	1.136	2.022	4.300	6.352	
2016/2017	4.080	0.000	1.110	2.001	4.300	6.094	
2017/2018	6.829	0.000	1.103	1.739	4.300	5.177	
2018/2019	6.834	0.000	1.137	1.725	4.301	5.160	
2019/2020	6.831	0.000	1.176	1.534	4.300	4.519	

⁽¹⁾ In addition to mills levied for the payment of tax credits, refunds, and abatements pursuant to state law which are included in these numbers, Subdistrict A and Subdistrict B also impose a general mill levy as shown in the above table, for payment of property taxes for expenses in connection with improvements that benefit the respective subdistrict.

History of Property Tax Collections

Levy/Collection Year	Total Taxes Levied	Current Tax Collections (1)	Percent of Levy Collected
2014/2015	6,865,867	6,837,702	99.6%
2015/2016	7,637,397	7,629,505	99.9%
2016/2017	7,639,949	7,646,056	100.1%
2017/2018	11,699,843	11,608,085	99.2%
2018/2019	11,753,902	11,666,542	99.3%
2019/2020	13,071,945	13,025,388	99.6%

⁽²⁾ As Subdistrict B is located entirely with Subdistrict A, the assessed valuation attributable to Subdistrict B has been included in the District total as a component of Subdistrict A.

⁽²⁾ In addition to their respective total mills presented above, taxpayers within Subdistrict A are also responsible for the payment of property taxes attributable to the District's mill levy and taxpayers in Subdistrict B are also responsible for the payment of property taxes attributable to both the District's and Subdistrict's A mill levies.

FOOTHILLS PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT History of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Unaudited)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Operating Revenues						
Fees and Charges:						
Aquatics	\$ 978,308	8 \$ 964,871	\$ 976,617	\$ 865,612	\$ 386,017	
Children's Programs	2,707,726	2,868,591	3,053,550	3,271,735	1,260,708	
Golf (Pledged for Payment of Revenue Bonds)	4,753,569	4,854,299	4,826,919	4,775,944	6,645,712	
Ice Arena	2,147,027	2,010,011	2,106,628	2,063,992	1,519,297	
Recreation Centers	1,462,339	1,551,410	1,552,120	1,487,502	875,736	
Recreation Programs	2,201,465	2,246,143	2,399,642	2,372,571	1,015,556	
Parks and Regional Parks	472,062	528,425	545,914	480,606	236,456	
General and Administrative	37,845	23,483	45,376	17,714	8,748	
Total	14,760,341	15,047,233	15,506,766	15,335,676	11,948,230	
Operating Expenses						
Aquatics	1,614,719	1,752,865	1,776,473	1,862,411	1,421,466	
Children's Programs	2,064,584	2,172,576	2,409,005	2,671,742	1,949,635	
Golf	3,734,611	3,816,254	4,101,694	4,064,711	4,227,776	
Ice Arena	1,658,983	1,658,113	1,776,388	1,792,884	1,456,453	
Recreation Centers	2,903,741	3,097,392	3,418,033	3,524,885	3,086,419	
Recreation Programs	1,661,167	1,729,309	1,828,212	1,926,848	1,468,639	
Parks and Regional Parks	4,521,573	3 4,241,148	4,836,857	5,002,323	5,483,956	
General and Administrative	1,757,229	1,853,157	1,877,530	1,976,057	2,307,096	
Total	19,916,607	20,320,814	22,024,192	22,821,861	21,401,440	
Net Loss from Operations	(5,156,266	(5,273,581)	(6,517,426)	(7,486,185)	(9,453,210)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)						
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes	8,241,228	8,392,385	12,693,703	12,673,093	14,002,521	
Conservation Trust	524,545	469,489	484,258	553,927	501,080	
Grants and Contributions	1,003,809	2,755,744	7,615,185	931,793	1,977,388	
Grants Expenditures	(76,575	5) (157,698)	(161,429)	(219,336)	(135,131)	
Facilities & Equipment Repairs and Replacements	(1,004,001	(806,239)	(660,605)	(1,289,710)	(899,312)	
Investment Income	69,752	103,788	177,709	213,569	82,720	
Interest Expense	(1,038,801	(976,784)	(892,571)	(805,294)	(689,503)	
Interest Expense Subsidy	33,338	33,302	33,441	33,575	26,928	
Bond Issuance Cost	-	-	-	-	-	
Gain (Loss) on Investment	(24,294	(59,238)	(39,273)	(25,423)	(12,563)	
Gain on Sale of Assets	773,479	30,492	(19,654)	(19,775)	28,673	
Proceeds from Insurance	102,421	-	6,173	8,855	28,994	
Other Income	-	75,585	7,083	-	-	
Other Expense	(119,859	(124,768)	(186,445)	(165,141)	(190,423)	
Total	8,485,042	9,736,058	19,057,575	11,890,133	14,721,372	
Change in Net Position	3,328,776	4,462,477	12,540,149	4,403,948	5,268,162	
Beginning Net Position	50,659,870	53,988,646	58,451,123	70,991,272	75,395,220	
Ending Net Position	\$ 53,988,646	5 \$ 58,451,123	\$ 70,991,272	\$ 75,395,220	\$ 80,663,382	

FOOTHILLS PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT

Historical Net Position (Unaudited)

	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 44,668,205	\$ 47,926,572	\$ 57,257,305	\$ 63,666,623	\$ 67,004,564
Restricted	649,000	779,000	800,000	804,000	736,000
Unrestricted	 8,671,441	 9,745,551	12,933,967	10,924,597	 12,922,818
Total Net Position	\$ 53,988,646	\$ 58,451,123	\$ 70,991,272	\$ 75,395,220	\$ 80,663,382