FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT Jefferson County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022 and 2021

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Foothills Park and Recreation District Littleton, Colorado

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Foothills Park and Recreation District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Foothills Park and Recreation District, as of December 31, 2022 and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of Foothills Park and Recreation District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, in 2022, Foothills Park and Recreation District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

The 2021 financial statements, before they were restated for the matter discussed in Note 14, were audited by other auditors, and their report thereon, dated April 27, 2022, expressed an unmodified opinion. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Board of Directors Foothills Park and Recreation District Page 2

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Foothills Park and Recreation District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Foothills Park and Recreation District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Foothills Park and Recreation District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Directors Foothills Park and Recreation District Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Funds Available – Actual and Budget (Non GAAP Budgetary Basis), Reconciliations of Non GAAP Budgetary Basis (Actual) to Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, History of District Assessed Valuation, Mill Levies and Property Tax Collections, History of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Historical Net Position but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

FORVIS, LLP

Denver, Colorado May 16, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

This section of the Foothills Park & Recreation District's ("the District") annual financial report provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying management discussion and analysis and financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87) in 2022. The 2021 information has been restated; however, the 2020 comparative information has not been restated for the adoption of GASB 87. Please read management's discussion and analysis in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- During 2020 and 2021 the majority of District's operations were heavily influenced by the Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19", "pandemic"). In 2022, the majority of the District's programs returned to pre-pandemic levels of participation. In addition, District golf course revenue continued to be significantly higher than pre-pandemic levels. In total, operating revenue was higher than budget by \$782,032 in 2022.
- The District ended the year in good financial position with assets exceeding liabilities at December 31, 2022 by \$92.9 million (net position), an increase from 2021 of \$6.8 million. Of this amount, \$19.5 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The District's cash and cash equivalents and total investments decreased \$8.1 million to \$44.3 million primarily due to expenditures for several capital improvement projects, including the Foothills Golf Course Clubhouse replacement, the Columbine West and 6th Avenue West Pool facility renovations, the Dutch Creek Trail extension and the Phase II Energy Performance Contract, the majority of which are being funded with proceeds on-hand from the 2021 Certificates of Participation.
- The District's total long-term debt decreased \$2.6 million primarily due to principal payments on outstanding debt.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Foothills Park & Recreation District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of two components: 1) the District-wide financial statements, 2) notes to the financial statements. This annual report also contains other information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the District use accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about its activities.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position provides information about the District's investments in resources and obligations. It also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing the short and long-term debt of the District.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

This statement measures the results of the District's operation over the past year and can be used to determine the percentage of the District's costs that are recovered through its user fees as well as other expenses and revenues.

Statement of Cash Flows

The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the District's cash receipts and payments during the reporting period. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing, and financing activities. It also provides answers to such questions regarding the source of cash, usage of cash, and the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position report information about the District's activities in a way that can help understand the District's finances. The District's Net Position is another source to determine the financial health or financial position of the District. Over time, increases in the District's net position are an indicator that the District's financial health is improving. However, one should also consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, or changes in governmental legislation.

A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 is presented below:

	2022		2021		\$ Change		% Change
			A	As Restated			
Current and Other Assets	\$	65,576,243	\$	74,874,165	\$	(9,297,922)	-12.42%
Capital and Lease Assets		99,640,976		84,372,393		15,268,583	18.10%
Total Assets		165,217,219		159,246,558		5,970,661	3.75%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		221,599		263,976		(42,377)	-16.05%
Current Liabilities		7,754,841		5,221,203		2,533,638	48.53%
Noncurrent Liabilities		44,557,356		46,882,130		(2,324,774)	-4.96%
Total Liabilities		52,312,197		52,103,333		208,864	0.40%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		20,265,067		21,322,359		(1,057,292)	-4.96%
Net Investment in Capital Assets		72,388,540		69,409,656		2,978,885	4.29%
Restricted		1,011,000		911,000		100,000	10.98%
Unrestricted		19,462,014		15,764,186		3,697,827	23.46%
Total Net Position	\$	92,861,554	\$	86,084,842	\$	6,776,712	7.87%

Net Position

As can be seen from the chart above, Total Net Position increased \$6,776,712, or 7.87% in 2022. Restricted Net Position, which had a balance of \$1,011,000 as of December 31, 2022 reflects amounts restricted for TABOR reserves. In addition to the required TABOR reserves, the Board of Directors of the District ("the Board") established a general reserve fund in an amount equal to 6.0% of the District's annual operating budget. The Board has not restricted or committed any of these unrestricted funds for any specific purpose except for cash flow, emergency and other purposes as determined by the Board. As of December 31, 2022, the District had a general reserve fund of \$2,022,000, which is included in Unrestricted Net Position.

A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 is presented below:

		2021		2020	\$ Change	% Change
	A	s Restated				
Current and Other Assets	\$	74,874,165	\$	28,915,996	\$ 45,958,169	158.94%
Capital and Lease Assets		84,372,393		81,771,178	 2,601,215	3.18%
Total Assets		159,246,558		110,687,174	 48,559,384	43.87%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		263,976	·	306,354	 (42,378)	-13.83%
Current Liabilities		5,221,203		2,768,698	2,452,505	88.58%
Noncurrent Liabilities		46,882,130		14,435,203	 32,446,927	224.78%
Total Liabilities		52,103,333		17,203,901	 34,899,432	202.86%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		21,322,359		13,126,245	 8,196,114	62.44%
Net Investment in Capital Assets		69,409,656		67,004,564	2,405,092	3.59%
Restricted		911,000		736,000	175,000	23.78%
Unrestricted		15,764,186		12,922,818	2,841,368	21.99%
Total Net Position	\$	86,084,842	\$	80,663,382	\$ 5,421,460	6.72%

Net Position

In 2021, Total Net Position increased \$5,421,460, or 6.72%. Restricted Net Position, which had a balance of \$911,000 as of December 31, 2021 reflects amounts restricted for TABOR reserves. In addition to the required TABOR reserves, the Board of Directors of the District ("the Board") established a general reserve fund in an amount equal to 6.0% of the District's annual operating budget. The Board has not restricted or committed any of these unrestricted funds for any specific purpose except for cash flow, emergency and other purposes as determined by the Board. As of December 31, 2021, the District had a general reserve fund of \$1,822,000, which is included in Unrestricted Net Position.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provides information about the nature and source of changes in net position.

As part of our analysis, we provide a summary of the District's Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position from 2021 to 2022 as presented below:

	2022		2021		\$ Change		% Change
				As Restated			
Operating Revenues Fees and Charges	\$	17,195,431	\$	15,886,724	\$	1,308,707	8.24%
Operating Expenses		(26,839,393)		(24,744,067)		(2,095,326)	-8.47%
Net Loss From Operations		(9,643,962)		(8,857,343)		(786,619)	-8.88%
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes		15,253,212		14,015,179		1,238,033	8.83%
Conservation Trust		586,730		591,421		(4,691)	-0.79%
Grants and Contributions		1,593,101		934,061		659,040	70.56%
Grants Expense		(110,815)		(46,174)		(64,641)	-139.99%
Interest Expense		(1,378,591)		(834,301)		(544,290)	-65.24%
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets		22,477		62,426		(39,949)	-63.99%
Insurance Proceeds		17,630		5,653		11,977	211.87%
Other Income		660,154		19,754		640,400	3241.88%
Other Expenses		(223,224)		(469,216)		245,992	52.43%
Total Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		16,420,674		14,278,803		2,141,871	15.00%
Change in Net Position		6,776,712		5,421,460		1,355,252	25.00%
Net Position, Beginning of Year		86,084,842		80,663,382		5,421,460	6.72%
Net Position, End of Year	\$	92,861,554	\$	86,084,842	\$	6,776,712	7.87%

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, 2022 and 2021

Comparison of Revenue and Expenses – 2022 to 2021

Operating Revenues derived from Fees and Charges for Services were \$17,195,431 in 2022 compared to \$15,886,724 in 2021, an increase of \$1,308,707, or 8.24%. The District realized operating revenue increases during 2022 resulting from the decreasing impact of COVID-19 on all areas of District operations. Recreation Centers, Children's Programs and Recreation Programs had the most significant increases of \$401,293, \$387,359 and \$347,740 respectively, driven by increased participation in program offerings in these areas as the District's patrons returned to programs after the end of the pandemic.

Operating Expenses in 2022 were \$26,839,393 compared to \$24,744,067 in 2021, an increase of \$2,095,326, or 8.47%. Operating Expenses increased due to higher wages, operating supplies and purchased services expenses, all driven by increased levels of activity in operating revenue producing areas as patrons continued to return to programs after the pandemic. The most significant increases occurred in Children's Programs, at the Edge Ice Arena and in Recreation Programs, which increased \$381,238, \$313,629 and \$301,342, respectively.

Property and Specific Ownership Taxes were \$15,253,212 in 2022 versus \$14,015,179 in 2021. The increase of \$1,238,033 was primarily attributable to a 9.06% increase in assessed values for the 2022 tax collection year. Conservation Trust revenues were \$586,730 and \$591,421 in 2022 and 2021, respectively, reflecting a decrease in state lottery ticket sales allocable to the District for 2022.

Grants and Contributions increased \$659,040 primarily driven by grant proceeds received in 2022 under the Child Care Operations Stabilization and Workforce Sustainability Grants through the State of Colorado partially offset by lower Senate Bill 35 funds received for use in completing neighborhood park improvement projects.

In 2022, 64.07% of the District's total operations were covered by fees and charges from programs and facilities and the remaining 35.93% came from property and specific ownership taxes, grants and other sources. The District's parks, greenbelts and trails are costly to maintain and account for \$4,026,691 of the \$9,643,962 operating loss the District incurred in 2022. The District's pools and recreation centers are also costly to operate and were subsidized \$2,261,965 from other revenue sources besides the fees and charges paid by the users of these facilities in 2022. Of the \$15,253,212 of Property and Specific Ownership taxes collected, \$110,764 were designated to make principal and interest payments on General Obligation Debt and \$15,142,448 were designated to offset operating losses and other debt principal and interest payments owed as a result of financing the current construction projects to replace the Foothills Golf Course Clubhouse and the renovation of the Columbine West and 6th Avenue West outdoor pools, and debt principal and interest payments owed as a result of financing the construction of the District's Peak Community and Wellness Center, the Edge Ice Arena, and the Foothills Sports Arena.

The following table shows the amount and percent that operating expenses were recovered through operating revenues including fees and charges for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

		2022	A	2021 As Restated	\$ Change	% Change
Operating Revenues	\$	17,195,431	\$	15,886,724	\$ 1,308,707	8.24%
Operating Expenses	\$	26,839,393	\$	24,744,067	\$ 2,095,326	8.47%
% Expense Recovery Through Operating Fees and Charges	_	64.07%	_	64.20%		

Expense Recovery Through Fees and Charges

As part of our analysis, we also provide a summary of the District's Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position from 2020 to 2021 as presented below:

	2021		2020		\$ Change		% Change
	A	As Restated					
Operating Revenues Fees and Charges	\$	15,886,724	\$	11,948,230	\$	3,938,494	32.96%
Operating Expenses		(24,744,067)		(22,300,752)		(2,443,315)	10.96%
Net Loss From Operations		(8,857,343)		(10,352,522)		1,495,179	-14.44%
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes		14,015,179		14,002,521		12,658	0.09%
Conservation Trust		591,421		501,080		90,341	18.03%
Grants and Contributions		934,061		1,977,388		(1,043,327)	-52.76%
Grants Expense		(46,174)		(135,131)		88,957	-65.83%
Interest Expense		(834,301)		(689,503)		(144,798)	21.00%
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets		62,426		28,673		33,753	117.72%
Insurance Proceeds		5,653		28,994		(23,341)	-80.50%
Other Income		36,438		97,085		(60,647)	-62.47%
Other Expenses		(485,900)		(190,423)		(295,477)	155.17%
Total Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		14,278,803		15,620,684		(1,341,881)	-8.59%
Change in Net Position		5,421,460		5,268,162		153,298	2.91%
Net Position, Beginning of Year		80,663,382		75,395,220		5,268,162	6.99%
Net Position, End of Year	\$	86,084,842	\$	80,663,382	\$	5,421,460	6.72%

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, 2021 and 2020

<u>Comparison of Revenue and Expenses – 2021 to 2020</u>

Operating Revenues derived from Fees and Charges for Services were \$15,886,724 in 2021 compared to \$11,948,230 in 2020, an increase of \$3,938,494, or 32.96%. The District realized operating revenue increases during 2021 resulting from the decreasing impact of COVID-19 on all areas of District operations. Recreation Programs, the Ice Arena and Golf had the most significant increases of \$937,575, \$849,868 and \$572,654 respectively, driven by increased participation in program offerings in these areas as the District's patrons returned with the lifting of pandemic related restrictions.

Operating Expenses in 2021 were \$24,744,067 compared to \$22,300,752 in 2020, an increase of \$2,443,315, or 10.96%. Operating Expenses increased due to higher part-time wages and operating supplies driven by increased levels of activity in all operating revenue producing areas resulting from the easing of pandemic related operating restrictions. The most significant increases occurred in Aquatics, Recreation Centers and Recreation Programs, which increased \$570,457, \$471,655 and \$401,440, respectively.

Property and Specific Ownership Taxes were \$14,015,179 in 2021 versus \$14,002,521 in 2020. The increase of \$12,658 was primarily attributable to higher specific ownership taxes collected in 2021. Conservation Trust revenues were \$591,421 and \$501,080 in 2021 and 2020, respectively, reflecting

an increase in the District's allocation of state lottery ticket sales for 2021. Grants and Contributions decreased \$1,043,327 primarily driven by lower Senate Bill 35 funds received for use in completing neighborhood park improvement projects and lower levels of funding received from the State of Colorado for the Coronavirus Relief Fund Program ("CVRF").

In 2021, 64.20% of the District's total operations were covered by fees and charges from programs and facilities and the remaining 35.80% came from property and specific ownership taxes, grants and other sources. The District's parks, greenbelts and trails are costly to maintain and account for \$3,824,604 of the \$8,857,343 operating loss the District incurred in 2021. The District's pools and recreation centers are also costly to operate and were subsidized \$2,476,064 from other revenue sources besides the fees and charges paid by the users of these facilities in 2021. Of the \$14,015,179 of taxes collected, \$112,104 were designated to make principal and interest payments on General Obligation Debt and \$13,903,075 were designated to offset operating losses and other debt principal and interest payments owed as a result of financing the construction of the District's Peak Community and Wellness Center, the Edge Ice Arena, and the Foothills Sports Arena.

The following table shows the amount and percent that operating expenses were recovered through operating revenues including fees and charges for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

		2021		2020		6 Change	% Change
	A	s Restated					
Operating Revenues	\$	15,886,724	\$	11,948,230	\$	3,938,494	32.96%
Operating Expenses	\$	24,744,067	\$	22,300,752	\$	2,443,315	10.96%
% Expense Recovery Through Operating Fees and Charges	_	64.20%	=	53.58%			

Expense Recovery Through Fees and Charges

Comparison of Revenue and Expenses – 2022 Actual to 2022 Budget

Budgetary basis Operating Revenues for the current year were \$17,135,873 compared to budget of \$16,353,841 or \$782,032 favorable to plan. Operating revenues were favorable to plan in Golf by \$2,076,203 or 41.68% resulting from a significant increase in rounds and rental revenue at both District golf courses as golf continued in 2022 as a preferred outdoor recreation activity in which social distancing is possible, driving increased public participation in the sport since 2020. Operating revenues were below plan in the majority of other District programs most significantly as follows: Children's Programs by \$1,146,459 or 34.98%; Recreation Centers by \$121,491 or 6.92%; Parks and Regional Parks by \$81,014 or 15.07%; Recreation Programs by \$14,099 or 0.61%; and Ice Arena by \$2,144 or 0.08% because of operating lower than anticipated program participation in these areas. These negative variances were partially offset by Aquatics, which was favorable to plan by \$55,380 or 6.18% resulting from higher than planned pool attendance.

Budgetary basis Operating Expenses were \$42,172,902 compared to budget of \$69,232,447, which was \$26,401,977 less than planned. This was driven by lower than planned capital expenditures,

driven by the timing of spending on the 2021 COP projects, which include the Foothills Golf Course Clubhouse replacement, the Columbine West and 6th Avenue West Pool facility renovations, the Dutch Creek Trail extension and the Phase II Energy Performance Contract.

Budgetary basis Net Nonoperating Revenues were \$13,890,444 compared to budget of \$52,878,606 or \$38,988,162 unfavorable to plan. This was mostly due to carry forward funds for the 2021 COP projects and other capital projects of \$41,198,709 which were included in the 2022 budget. Excluding this amount, Net Nonoperating revenues were favorable to the budget by \$2,210,547 due to grant funds received from the State of Colorado under the Childcare Stabilization and Workforce Retention Grants and higher than planned interest income due to higher than planned invested balances and higher yields on invested balances.

Additional budget information, including a reconciliation of non GAAP budgetary basis to the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position can be found in the Other Information section of the financial statements.

<u>Comparison of Revenue and Expenses – 2021 Actual to 2021 Budget</u>

Budgetary basis Operating Revenues in 2021 were \$15,826,833 compared to budget of \$16,185,992 or \$359,159 unfavorable to plan. Operating revenues were below plan most significantly as follows: Children's Programs by \$1,568,814 or 47.37%; Recreation Centers by \$509,063 or 29.24%; Recreation Programs by \$363,035 or 15.74%; Aquatics by \$129,071 or 13.63%; and Ice Arena by \$106,413 or 4.39% because of operating restrictions and program cancellations resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. These negative variances were partially offset by Golf, which was favorable to plan by \$2,312,850 or 47.15% resulting from a significant increase in rounds and rental revenue at both District golf courses as golf continued in 2021 as a preferred outdoor recreation activity in which social distancing is possible, driving increased public participation in the sport during the pandemic.

Budgetary basis Operating Expenses were \$27,277,429 compared to budget of \$33,499,842, which was \$3,580,081 less than planned. This was driven by lower than planned part-time wages and operating supplies in Children's Programs, Recreation Centers and Recreation Programs resulting from operating restrictions and program cancellations in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and lower expenditures on Facilities & Equipment Repairs and Replacements due to the timing of spending on projects that were in motion in 2021.

Budgetary basis Net Nonoperating Revenues were \$48,188,045 compared to budget of \$17,313,850 or \$30,874,195 favorable to plan. This was mostly due to net proceeds of \$35,005,718 received under the sale of our 2021 Certificates of Participation, higher levels of Grants and Contributions related to Senate Bill 35 funds received, which will be deployed in completing the 2021 neighborhood park improvement projects, and funding received from the State of Colorado for the Coronavirus Relief Fund Program ("CVRF").

Additional budget information, including a reconciliation of non GAAP budgetary basis to the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position can be found in the Other Information section of the financial statements.

CAPITAL AND LEASE ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital and Lease Assets

As of December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, the District had invested \$99,640,976, \$84,372,393 and \$81,771,178, respectively in net capital and lease assets, which represents a broad range of infrastructure including parks, recreation centers, golf courses, maintenance and administration facilities, vehicles, and equipment. In 2022, The District's net capital and lease assets increased by \$15,268,583 from net capital and lease assets at the end of 2021 due to the current year's additions, offset by current year depreciation and amortization of its capital and lease assets. The most significant additions for 2022 were Construction in Progress balances associated with the Foothills Golf Course Clubhouse, the Columbine West and 6th Avenue West pool renovation projects and the Phase II Energy Performance contract. In 2021, The District's net capital and lease assets increased by \$2,601,215 from net capital and lease assets at the end of 2020 primarily due to asset additions, partially offset by depreciation and amortization of its capital and lease assets. More detailed information about the District's capital and lease assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

The table below summarizes changes in capital and lease assets for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	2022		2021		\$ Change		% Change
			A	As Restated			
Land	\$	23,728,375	\$	23,728,375	\$	-	0.00%
Water Rights		983,500		785,337		198,163	25.23%
Buildings		26,213,895		27,232,114		(1,018,219)	-3.74%
Improvements		29,993,161		26,361,203		3,631,958	13.78%
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment		2,405,721		2,179,251		226,470	10.39%
Leased Equipment		55,232		72,741		(17,509)	-24.07%
Vehicles		626,369		761,831		(135,462)	-17.78%
Construction in Progress		15,634,723		3,251,541		12,383,182	380.84%
Total Capital and Lease Assets	\$	99,640,976	\$	84,372,393	\$	15,268,583	18.10%

Change in Capital and Lease Assets (Net of Depreciation and Amortization)

The table below summarizes changes in capital and lease assets for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	 2021	2020		 \$ Change	% Change	
	As Restated					
Land	\$ 23,728,375	\$	23,728,375	\$ -	0.00%	
Water Rights	785,337		785,337	-	0.00%	
Buildings	27,232,114		28,229,680	(997,566)	-3.53%	
Improvements	26,361,203		25,050,405	1,310,798	5.23%	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	2,179,251		1,940,017	239,234	12.33%	
Leased Equipment	72,741		-	72,741	0.00%	
Vehicles	761,831		673,051	88,780	13.19%	
Construction in Progress	 3,251,541		1,364,313	 1,887,228	138.33%	
Total Capital and Lease Assets	\$ 84,372,393	\$	81,771,178	\$ 2,601,215	3.18%	

Change in Capital and Lease Assets (Net of Depreciation and Amortization)

Long-Term Debt

The District paid \$2,257,300 in debt principal repayments and at December 31, 2022 had \$46,083,833 in short and long-term debt and deferred loss on refunding.

Below is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Changes in Long-Term Debt

_	2022	-	2021		\$ Change	% Change
\$	-	\$	107,300	\$	(107,300)	-100.00%
	40,240,000		42,390,000		(2,150,000)	-5.07%
	(221,599)		(263,976)		42,377	16.05%
	6,065,432		6,429,752		(364,320)	-5.67%
\$	46,083,833	\$	48,663,076	\$	(2,579,243)	-5.30%
	\$ \$	\$ - 40,240,000 (221,599) 6,065,432	\$ - \$ 40,240,000 (221,599) 6,065,432	\$ - \$ 107,300 40,240,000 42,390,000 (221,599) (263,976) 6,065,432 6,429,752 (429,752)	\$ - \$ 107,300 \$ 40,240,000 42,390,000 (221,599) (263,976) 6,065,432 6,429,752	\$ 107,300 \$ (107,300) \$ - \$ 107,300 \$ (107,300) \$ - \$ 107,300 \$ (107,300) \$ - \$ 107,300 \$ (107,300) \$ (221,599) (263,976) 42,377 \$ 6,065,432 6,429,752 (364,320)

The District paid \$1,235,700 in debt principal repayments and issued new 2021 Certificates of Participation which resulted in proceeds of \$35,261,068 during 2021 and at December 31, 2021 had \$48,663,076 in short and long-term debt and deferred charges.

Below is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	_	2021	-	2020	 \$ Change	% Change
General Obligation Bonds	\$	107,300	\$	213,000	\$ (105,700)	-49.62%
Certificates of Participation		42,390,000		14,050,000	28,340,000	201.71%
Unamortized Deferred Charges		(263,976)		(306,354)	42,378	13.83%
Unamortized Bond Premium		6,429,752		809,968	5,619,784	693.83%
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	48,663,076	\$	14,766,614	\$ 33,896,462	229.55%

Changes in Long-Term Debt

More detailed information about the District's long-term debt is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District is located in Jefferson County which is in the southern part of the Denver metropolitan area where the local economic environment has been relatively strong over the last several years, excluding 2020, which was impacted negatively by the COVID-19 pandemic. The average unemployment rate in Jefferson County was 2.5% in December, 2022 versus 3.8% in December, 2021. In 2021, for taxes collected in 2022, property assessed valuations within the District increased by 9.06%.

In recent years, the District has experienced an increase in the number of patron visits to our facilities and to our various programs. This trend did not continue for most areas of District operations in 2020 primarily driven by facility closures, program cancellations and operating restrictions related to the COVID-19 pandemic, which caused significant reductions in revenue from recreation programs and facilities. In 2021 and 2022, the District experienced significant increases versus 2020 and most programmatic revenue has returned to pre-pandemic levels. The District's golf rounds and related revenues continued at a higher than normal pace in 2022 and 2021 as individuals gravitated toward outdoor recreation opportunities and this trend is anticipated to continue in the near term. The need for fee increases for all District programs and facilities will continue to be evaluated on an annual basis and be based on competitive rates for the markets we serve.

In November, 2017 a majority of the District's voters authorized the District to increase its mill levy 2.75 mills for general operating and other purposes. The mill increase has a nine-year sunset provision and it resulted in a significant increase in property tax revenues for 2021 and 2022 and will continue to do so throughout the duration of the nine-year increase.

Property tax revenue increases resulting from valuation changes beyond 2022 are not expected to be significant. Some modest new development is expected to take place within District boundaries,

which would result in potential increases in assessed valuations due to growth related to new construction.

Operating costs are expected to increase annually due to general inflationary trends in the foreseeable future. The District will continue to evaluate opportunities to increase its revenue streams and manage available funds as efficiently as possible.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report provides a general overview of Foothills Park & Recreation District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or to request additional financial information should be addressed to the attention of Director of Finance and Administrative Services at Foothills Park & Recreation District, 6612 S Ward Street, Littleton, Colorado 80127.

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
		As Restated
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 20,13	
Cash With Fiscal Agent		9,975 -
Short-Term Investments		4,028 491,658
Receivables		1,648 396,066
Property Taxes Receivables	14,09	1,268 14,347,376
Current Portion of Lease Receivable	77	0,445 748,719
Inventories	15	2,234 147,377
Prepaid Expenses	29	5,747 484,353
Total Current Assets	37,15	6,250 33,316,351
Noncurrent Assets		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	21,73	3,148 34,297,280
Long-Term Investments	1,16	4,041 974,378
Lease Receivable	5,52	2,804 6,286,156
Capital and Lease Assets		
Land, Water Rights and Construction in Progress	40,34	6,598 27,765,253
Other Capital and Lease Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	59,29	4,378 56,607,140
Total Capital and Lease Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	99,64	0,976 84,372,393
Total Assets	165,21	7,219 159,246,558
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Loss on Refunding	22	1,599 263,976
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 165,43	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities	¢ 2.02	2 800 ¢ 1 700 205
Accounts Payables		2,890 \$ 1,709,305
Interest Payable		8,534 148,413
Accrued Payroll Payable		6,005 104,601
Current Portion of Accrued Compensated Absences		0,243 412,846
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt Payable		5,000 2,257,300
Current Portion of Lease Payable		4,664 22,078
Unearned Revenue		7,505 566,660
Total Current Liabilities	1,75	4,841 5,221,203
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Accrued Compensated Absences Payable		0,989 157,944
Long-Term Debt Payable	44,36	
Lease Payable		5,935 54,434
Total Non-Current Liabilities		7,356 46,882,130
Total Liabilities	52,31	2,197 52,103,333
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes	14,09	1,268 14,347,376
Lease Related	6,17	3,799 6,974,983
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	20,26	5,067 21,322,359
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	72,38	8,540 69,409,656
Restricted		1,000 911,000
Unrestricted		2,014 15,764,186
Total Net Position	92,86	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 165,43	8,818 \$ 159,510,534

These financial statements should be read only in conjunction with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021	
OPERATING REVENUES		As Restated	
Fees and Charges:			
Aquatics	\$ 951,756	\$ 817,973	
Children's Programs	2,130,627	1,743,268	
Golf	7,056,992	7,218,366	
Ice Arena	2,630,924	2,369,165	
Recreation Centers	1,633,501	1,232,208	
Recreation Programs	2,300,871	1,953,131	
Parks and Regional Parks	456,604	503,851	
General and Administrative	34,156	48,762	
Total Operating Revenues	17,195,431	15,886,724	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Aquatics	1,981,929	1,851,269	
Children's Programs	2,522,774	2,141,536	
Golf	4,550,244	4,206,636	
Ice Arena	1,918,977	1,605,348	
Recreation Centers	2,865,293	2,674,976	
Recreation Programs	2,154,659	1,853,317	
Parks and Regional Parks	4,483,295	4,328,455	
General and Administrative	2,321,003	2,116,275	
Facilities and Equipment Repairs and Replacements	510,940	820,216	
Depreciation and Amortization	3,530,279	3,146,039	
Total Operating Expenses	26,839,393	24,744,067	
OPERATING LOSS	(9,643,962)	(8,857,343)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes	15,253,212	14,015,179	
Conservation Trust	586,730	591,421	
Grants and Contributions	1,593,101	934,061	
Grants Expense	(110,815)	(46,174)	
Investment Income	652,277	1,539	
Interest Expense	(1,378,591)	(834,301)	
Interest Expense Subsidy	7,877	18,215	
Bond Issuance Cost	-	(255,350)	
Gain on the Sale of Assets	22,477	62,426	
Proceeds from Insurance	17,630	5,653	
Other Expenses	(223,224)	(213,866)	
Total Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	16,420,674	14,278,803	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	6,776,712	5,421,460	
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	86,084,842	80,663,382	
NET POSITION, End of Year	\$ 92,861,554	\$ 86,084,842	

These financial statements should be read only in conjunction with

the accompanying notes to financial statements.

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022		2021	
			1	As Restated
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	16,765,633	\$	15,273,989
Payments to Suppliers		(8,615,383)		(8,006,029)
Payments to Employees		(14,497,638)		(13,444,367)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(6,347,388)		(6,176,407)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes		15,253,212		14,015,179
Receipts from Conservation Trust Fund		586,730		591,421
Grants and Contributions Received		1,593,101		934,061
Other Expenses		(334,039)		(248,037)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		17,099,004		15,292,624
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt		(2,257,300)		(1,235,700)
Interest Expense Paid on Bonds		(1,710,413)		(869,006)
Interest Subsidy Received on Bonds		7,877		18,215
Principal Payments Paid on Lease Payable		(22,436)		(20,295)
Interest Expense Paid on Lease Payable		(840)		(1,000)
Principal Payments Received on Lease Receivable		752,714		748,295
Interest Payments Received on Lease Receivable		132,608		132,826
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(16,517,425)		(5,306,592)
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets		71,490		71,083
Proceeds from Insurance		17,630		5,653
Proceeds from Issuance of Long-Term Debt		-		35,143,188
Bond Issuance Costs		-		(137,470)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(19,526,095)		28,549,197
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of Investments		(520,000)		(740,000)
Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments		490,000		245,000
Interest on Investments		740,425		22,314
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		710,425		(472,686)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(8,064,054)		37,192,728
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year		50,998,082		13,805,354
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	\$	42,934,028	\$	50,998,082

These financial statements should be read only in conjunction with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

(Continued)

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022		2021	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH			As	Restated
USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating Loss	\$	(9,643,962)	\$	(8,857,343)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in				
Operating Activities:				
Depreciation and Amortization		3,530,279		3,146,039
Lease Revenue		(944,880)		(941,013)
Lease Expense		840		1,000
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Receivables		(5,763)		87,980
Inventories		(4,857)		39,587
Prepaid Expense		188,606		(174,780)
Accounts Payable		(100,342)		264,483
Accrued Payroll Payable		41,404		44,487
Accrued Compensated Absences Payable		70,442		(27,145)
Unearned Revenue		520,845		240,298
Total Adjustments		3,296,574		2,680,936
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(6,347,388)	\$	(6,176,407)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Assets Acquired Under Leases		6,524		-
Assets Leased to Others		11,088		-

Capital Asset Acquisitions Included in Accounts Payable2,841,151517,224Unrealized Loss on Investments87,96728,686Amortization of Premiums/Deferred Loss on Refunding321,944128,906Amortization of Deferred Inflow - Lease Related812,272808,187Bond Issue Costs Paid from Proceeds-117,880	Assets Leased to Others	11,088	-
Amortization of Premiums/Deferred Loss on Refunding321,944128,906Amortization of Deferred Inflow - Lease Related812,272808,187	Capital Asset Acquisitions Included in Accounts Payable	2,841,151	517,224
Amortization of Deferred Inflow - Lease Related812,272808,187	Unrealized Loss on Investments	87,967	28,686
	Amortization of Premiums/Deferred Loss on Refunding	321,944	128,906
Bond Issue Costs Paid from Proceeds - 117,880	Amortization of Deferred Inflow - Lease Related	812,272	808,187
	Bond Issue Costs Paid from Proceeds	-	117,880

These financial statements should be read only in conjunction with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1: DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Financial Reporting Entity

Foothills Park & Recreation District (the "District) is a governmental unit (special district) operating in accordance with Colorado Statute. The District is governed by a five-member elected Board of Directors. The District was established to provide park and recreation facilities and programs in southern Jefferson County.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards, the District has considered the possibility of inclusion of additional entities in its financial statements. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The District is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially responsible for legally separate organizations if the District officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and, either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide benefits to or, to impose specific financial burdens on the District. The District may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Component Unit

The Foothills Park & Recreation District Building Authority (the Building Authority) is governed by a board that consists of a voting majority appointed by the governing board of the District. In addition, the District is financially accountable for the Building Authority, and the Building Authority is financially dependent upon the District. The Building Authority is consolidated into the financial statements of the District. The Building Authority does not issue separate financial statements. In 2015, the District refunded the 2006 Certificates of Participation which were held by the Building Authority. Coincident with the refunding transaction, the Building Authority transferred the deed of all properties owned to the District. As a result, the Building Authority had no financial activity in 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Foothills Park & Recreation District conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

Measurement Focus

The District is accounted for as a single enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are a type of proprietary fund and as such, are reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for proprietary funds as defined by GASB. The proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting

The District uses the accrual basis of accounting, where revenues are recognized when they are earned and measurable, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

Proprietary Fund

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal ongoing operations of the District result in revenue from charges to patrons for admissions to recreation facilities, rental of recreation facilities, fees paid for participation in recreation programs, and green fees for usage of the District's golf courses. All activities not associated with the principal ongoing operations of the District are reported as nonoperating revenues or expenses.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are recorded at fair value. Local government investment pools are recorded at net asset value. Money market funds are valued at amortized cost.

Inventory and Prepaid Expenses

Merchandise inventory held for resale is valued at the lower of cost or market. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows or resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflow of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflow of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Restricted Assets

It is the District's policy to first use restricted, if any, and then unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted amounts are available.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the Jefferson County Assessor, generally as of November 30th of each year.

The levy is normally set by December 15th by certification to the Jefferson County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1st of the following year.

The Jefferson County Treasurer (Treasurer) collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April, or in equal installments in February and June at the taxpayer's election. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August, and tax lien sales are in November.

The Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District. Since property taxes are levied in December for the next calendar year's operations, the total levy is reported as property taxes receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for property taxes.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets include property, improvements to property, buildings, equipment, and water rights with an initial individual value of \$5,000 or greater. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or at an estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value.

Depreciation begins in the year of the completion for assets under construction. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 50 years
Improvements	10 - 50 years
Equipment	5 - 15 years
Vehicles	8 - 12 years

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases

Lessee: The District is a lessee for noncancelable leases of equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and a lease asset in the Statements of Net Position. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more for equipment leases.

At the commencement of the lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial indirect costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the asset. The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate to calculate the present value. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and extension options that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

Lessor: The District is a lessor for noncancelable leases on District owned property. The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the Statements of Net Position.

At the commencement of the lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the lease term. If specified, the District uses the interest rate identified in the contract as the discount rate to calculate the present value. If no interest rate is specified, the District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation amounts are accrued. District employees with 1-4 years of full-time service can accumulate up to 120 vacation hours, 5-9 years of full time service can accumulate up to 180 vacation hours, and 10 or more years of full-time service can accumulate up to 240 vacation hours. Accrued vacation is paid to employees upon termination of employment.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes customer payments received in advance for participation in District programs that will occur in future periods.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amortization

Bond and Certificate of Participation Original Issue Premium and/or Discount

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The amortization amount related to the bond premiums and/or discounts is a component of interest expense and the unamortized balances are reflected as an addition or reduction of bonds payable, respectively.

Deferred Loss on Bond and Certificate of Participation Refunding

The deferred loss on the bond and certificate of participation refundings are being amortized using the straight-line method, over the shorter of the life of the new or life of the defeased bonds or certificates of participation. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred loss is reflected as deferred loss on refunding in deferred outflows of resources on the statements of net position.

Budgets

In accordance with State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget and appropriation resolutions upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The appropriation is at the total fund level and lapses at year-end. The Building Authority had no budget for 2022 or 2021.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications and Revisions

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on net position or the change in net position.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Certain immaterial revisions have been made to the 2021 financial statements:

- (1) Expenses were revised on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position in the amount of \$820,216 to move facilities and equipment repairs and replacements from nonoperating expense to operating expense. In addition, the classification of these expenses has been moved from noncapital financing activities to payments to vendors in the operating activities section on the statement of cash flows and the reconciliation has been adjusted for this change.
- (2) The statement of cash flows was revised to reflect noncash investing and capital and related financing activities. The cash flows for these items were adjusted by \$28,686 and \$764,010, respectively.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash Deposits

Colorado statutes require that the District use eligible public depositories, as defined by the Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) of 1975. Under the Act, the depository is required to pledge collateral having a market value at all times equal to at least 102% of the aggregate public deposits held by the depository not insured by federal deposit insurance. Eligible collateral, as defined by the Act, primarily includes obligations or guarantees by the U.S. Government, the State of Colorado, or any political subdivision thereof, and obligations evidenced by notes secured first by lien mortgages or deeds of trust on real property. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group.

As of December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits in financial institutions was \$5,973,795 and the bank balance was \$6,233,995. As of December 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits in financial institutions was \$7,161,187 and the bank balance was \$8,317,467. All deposits exceeding FDIC coverage of \$250,000 were collateralized in accordance with PDPA.

Cash With Fiscal Agent

As of December 31, 2022 the District had \$1,069,975 being held by Jefferson County, Colorado as an escrow deposit for grading permits related to construction projects.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

At December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments and remaining maturities:

	2022							
Investment Type		Value	Measurement	Rating	Maturities			
Local Government Investment Pools		35,882,533	Net Asset Value	AAAm	Less than 12 Months			
Federal Agency Bonds		732,471	Fair Value	AA+	1 - 5 Years			
Certificates of Deposit		431,570	Fair Value	N/A	1 - 5 Years			
Certificates of Deposit		244,028	Fair Value	N/A	Less than 12 Months			
Total	\$	37,290,602						

At December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments and remaining maturities:

	2021								
Investment Type		Value	Measurement	Rating	Maturities				
Local Government Investment Pools		43,826,818	Net Asset Value	AAAm	Less than 12 Months				
Federal Agency Bonds		250,243	Fair Value	AA+	5 Years				
Certificates of Deposit		724,135	Fair Value	N/A	1 - 5 Years				
Certificates of Deposit		491,658	Fair Value	N/A	Less than 12 Months				
Total	\$	45,292,854							

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the District had invested \$35,882,533 and \$43,826,818, respectively, in the Colorado Liquid Asset Trust Fund (COLOTRUST), which has a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. COLOTRUST is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds and is regulated by the State Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by the entities. COLOTRUST does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Restricted Cash

Certain cash and cash equivalents are legally required to be restricted for specific purposes. Unspent proceeds from the 2021 Certificates of Participation are held as required for spending on the 2021 COP projects. Unspent proceeds on hand as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$21,733,148 and \$34,297,280, respectively and were reflected on the statements of net position as restricted cash and cash equivalents in the noncurrent asset section. These amounts are included in the District's COLOTRUST investment balances.

Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following table presents the fair value measurements of investments recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall as of December 31, 2022 and 2021:

			Fair Value Measurements Using				
			iı Ma Ident	oted Prices n Active arkets for ical Assets Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		
December 31, 2022 Investments	1018	l Fair Value	U.	Level I)	(Level 2)	
Federal Agency Bonds Certificates of Deposit	\$	732,471 675,598	\$	249,688 -	\$	482,783 675,598	
Total	\$	1,408,069	\$	249,688	\$	1,158,381	

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

			Fair Value Measurements Using				
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets		Significant Other Observable Inputs		
	Tota	l Fair Value	(Le	evel 1)	(Level 2)	
December 31, 2021 Investments							
Federal Agency Bonds	\$	250,243	\$	-	\$	250,243	
Certificates of Deposit		1,215,793	·	-		1,215,793	
Total	\$	1,466,036	\$	_	\$	1,466,036	

Investments and Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the District may invest. These instruments are:

Certain money market funds Certain marketable repurchase agreements Certain marketable reverse repurchase agreements Certain guaranteed investment contracts Bankers' acceptances of certain banks Certain corporate bonds General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities Local government investment pools

In order to minimize credit risk the District follows the State Statutes by investing only in the instruments noted above.

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from prevailing market interest rates, the District primarily invests in Local Government Investment Pools which have a weighted average maturity of not more than 90 days. The District's investment policy states that investments with maturities longer than three or five years depending on the investment require approval from the Board of Directors.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District had no investment in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represents 5% or more of total District investments at December 31, 2022.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Summary of District Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash deposits and investments at December 31, 2022 and 2021, are summarized as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Petty Cash	\$ 7,725	\$ 10,077
Cash Deposits	5,973,795	7,161,187
Cash With Fiscal Agent	1,069,975	-
Investments	 37,290,602	 45,292,854
Total Cash Deposits and Investments	\$ 44,342,097	\$ 52,464,118

Cash deposits and investments as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were reflected on the statements of net position as follows:

	 2022	2021		
		Α	s Restated	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 20,130,905	\$	16,700,802	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	21,733,148		34,297,280	
Cash With Fiscal Agent	 1,069,975			
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	42,934,028		50,998,082	
T	1 400 0 60		1 466 026	
Investments	1,408,069		1,466,036	
Total Cash Deposits and Investments	\$ 44,342,097	\$	52,464,118	

NOTE 4: LEASES RECEIVABLE

The District entered into noncancelable ten year ice rental agreements with three youth hockey associations. Each agreement provides for a guaranteed minimum number of ice hours to be paid for each year whether used or not by the youth hockey association. Total payments under the agreements are expected to be \$7,817,880 from January 1, 2021 through July 1, 2030. Revenue recognized under the agreements during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$888,871 and \$891,177, respectively, which includes both lease revenue and interest. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the District's receivable for lease payments under the agreements was \$5,714,582 and \$6,436,983, respectively. The District also has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these agreements that will be recognized as revenue over the term of the agreements. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$5,616,494 and \$6,386,787, respectively.

NOTE 4: LEASES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

The District also leased portions of its property to various third parties, the terms of these leases expire at various dates through 2051. The District leases certain land to a third party where lease payments are variable based on total revenues collected by the third party. The revenue based payments are not included in the measurement of the lease receivable because they are not fixed in substance. Revenue recognized under the leases during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$56,009 and \$49,837, respectively, which includes both lease revenue and interest. The District recognized lease revenue of \$16,475 and \$20,482 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for variable payments not previously included in the measurement of the lease receivable. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the District's receivable for lease payments under the agreements was \$578,667 and \$597,892, respectively. The District also has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these agreements that will be recognized as revenue over the term of the agreements. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$577,305 and \$588,196, respectively.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL AND LEASE ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION/AMORTIZATION

A summary of changes in capital and lease assets for 2022 is as follows:

	JANUARY 1, 2022 BALANCE	ADDITIONS	TRANSFERS	DISPOSALS	DECEMBER 31, 2022 BALANCE
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 23,728,375	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,728,375
Water Rights	785,337	198,163	-	-	983,500
Construction in Progress	3,251,541	13,923,079	(1,539,897)		15,634,723
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	27,765,253	14,121,242	(1,539,897)		40,346,598
Capital and Lease Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized					
Buildings	46,797,425	20,269	-	(515,593)	46,302,101
Improvements	51,393,347	3,934,088	1,539,897	(135,100)	56,732,232
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	9,726,876	765,753	-	(296,233)	10,196,396
Vehicles	2,191,715	-	-	(18,366)	2,173,349
Leased Equipment	96,807	6,524			103,331
Total Capital and Lease Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized	110,206,170	4,726,634	1,539,897	(965,292)	115,507,409
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for:					
Buildings	(19,565,311)	(1,020,770)	-	497,875	(20,088,206)
Improvements	(25,032,144)	(1,842,027)	-	135,100	(26,739,071)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(7,547,625)	(508,087)	-	265,037	(7,790,675)
Vehicles	(1,429,884)	(135,362)	-	18,266	(1,546,980)
Leased Equipment	(24,066)	(24,033)			(48,099)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(53,599,030)	(3,530,279)		916,278	(56,213,031)
Capital and Lease Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	56,607,140	1,196,355	-	(49,014)	59,294,378
Net Capital and Lease Assets	\$ 84,372,393	\$ 15,317,597	\$ -	\$ (49,014)	\$ 99,640,976

NOTE 5: CAPITAL AND LEASE ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION/AMORTIZATION (CONTINUED)

A summary of changes in capital and lease assets for 2021 is as follows:

Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	JANUARY 1, 2021 BALANCE As Restated	ADDITIONS	TRANSFERS	DISPOSALS	DECEMBER 31, 2021 BALANCE As Restated		
Land	\$ 23,728,375	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 23,728,375		
Water Rights	785,337	-	-	-	785,337		
Construction in Progress	1,364,313	3,251,541	(1,364,313)	-	3,251,541		
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	25,878,025	3,251,541	(1,364,313)	-	27,765,253		
Capital and Lease Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized							
Buildings	46,772,032	25,393	-	-	46,797,425		
Improvements	48,709,228	1,457,218	1,364,313	(137,412)	51,393,347		
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	9,352,443	709,397	-	(334,964)	9,726,876		
Vehicles	2,011,496	215,556	-	(35,337)	2,191,715		
Leased Equipment	96,807		-		96,807		
Total Capital and Lease Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized	106,942,006	2,407,564	1,364,313	(507,713)	110,206,170		
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for:							
Buildings	(18,542,352)	(1,022,959)	-	-	(19,565,311)		
Improvements	(23,658,823)	(1,502,076)	-	128,755	(25,032,144)		
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(7,412,426)	(470,162)	-	334,963	(7,547,625)		
Vehicles	(1,338,445)	(126,776)	-	35,337	(1,429,884)		
Leased Equipment		(24,066)	-		(24,066)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(50,952,046)	(3,146,039)		499,055	(53,599,030)		
Capital and Lease Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	55,989,960	(738,475)		(8,658)	56,607,140		
Net Capital and Lease Assets	\$ 81,867,985	\$ 2,513,066	\$ -	\$ (8,658)	\$ 84,372,393		

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	 January 1, 2022 Balance	A	dditions	s Deletions		De	ecember 31, 2022 Balance	Current Portion	
2012 General Obligation Bonds	\$ 107,300	\$	-	\$	(107,300)	\$	-	\$	-
2010 Certificates of Participation, Taxable QECB Series 2010B	275,000		-		(275,000)		-		-
2013 Certificates of Participation	4,375,000		-		(280,000)		4,095,000		290,000
2015 Certificates of Participation	8,270,000		-		(610,000)		7,660,000		625,000
2021 Certificates of Participation	29,470,000		-		(985,000)		28,485,000		1,030,000
Lease Payable	76,512		6,524		(22,437)		60,599		24,664
Compensated Absences	570,790		70,442		-		641,232		480,243
	 43,144,602		76,966		(2,279,737)		40,941,831		2,449,907
Plus net unamortized original issue premium	 6,429,752		-		(364,320)		6,065,432		_
	\$ 49,574,354	\$	76,966	\$	(2,644,057)	\$	47,007,263	\$	2,449,907

The following is an analysis of the changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	January 1,					December 31,						
	2021							2021	Current Portion			
	Balance As Restated		A	dditions	Deletions			Balance				
							As Restated		As Restated			
2012 General Obligation Bonds	\$	213,000	\$	-	\$	(105,700)	\$	107,300	\$	107,300		
2010 Certificates of Participation, Taxable QECB Series 2010B		540,000		-		(265,000)		275,000		275,000		
2013 Certificates of Participation		4,650,000		-		(275,000)		4,375,000		280,000		
2015 Certificates of Participation		8,860,000		-		(590,000)		8,270,000		610,000		
2021 Certificates of Participation		-	2	29,470,000		-		29,470,000		985,000		
Lease Payable		96,807		-		(20,295)		76,512		22,078		
Compensated Absences		597,935		-		(27,145)		570,790		412,846		
		14,957,742	2	29,470,000		(1,283,140)		43,144,602		2,692,224		
Plus net unamortized original issue premium		809,968		5,791,068		(171,284)		6,429,752		-		
	\$	15,767,710	\$ 3	35,261,068	\$	(1,454,424)	\$	49,574,354	\$	2,692,224		

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General Obligation bonds require a vote by the District's residents and are direct obligations and pledge the full faith of the District.

GO Series 2012 - In 2012, the District issued a total of \$974,700 of General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2012, dated March 20, 2012. Proceeds from the sale of the bond were used to refund a portion of the District's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002, and to pay the costs of issuance of the Bonds. The Bond is subject to quarterly mandatory sinking fund redemption. The Bond matures on December 1, 2022 and bears interest at the rate of 2.73% per annum. The Bond refunding saved taxpayers in Subdistrict B (Kipling Villas) \$124,568 in gross tax dollars through December 1, 2022 as a result of the lower interest on the refunded bond. These bonds were paid in full in 2022 and as a result, there are no future debt service requirements.

Certificates of Participation (COPs)

The District issues certificates of participation to finance needed recreation facilities.

Foothills Park & Recreation COP Lease Purchase 2010 - In 2010, the District issued \$1,895,000 of Certificates of Participation Series 2010A and \$1,000,000 of Certificates of Participation Taxable QECB Series 2010B both dated August 19, 2010. The District applied and was awarded by the State Governor's Energy Office \$1,000,000 of "qualified energy conservation bonds" which enabled a portion of the interest paid on the Taxable QECB 2010B certificates to be eligible for an annual cash subsidy payment from the United States Treasury.

The certificates were issued for the purpose of financing energy conservation projects as set forth in the Energy Performance Contracts the District entered into in 2010. The Series 2010A certificates matured between 2011 and 2019 and carried interest rates between 2.00% and 3.00% due semiannually. The Taxable QECB Series 2010B certificates due October 1, 2022 were subject to mandatory sinking fund redemptions between 2019 and 2022 and carried interest rate of 5.75% due semiannually. Net of the government interest subsidy payment the District receives from the Federal government, effective interest rate was reduced from 5.75% to 2.17%. These certificates were paid in full in 2022.

Foothills Park & Recreation COP Lease Purchase 2013 - In 2013, the District issued \$9,300,000 of Certificates of Participation dated May 15, 2013. Proceeds from the sale of the bond were used to refund a portion of the District's Certificates of Participation Bonds, Series 2002 and 2004, and to pay the costs of issuance of the Bonds. These certificates mature between 2013 and 2028 and carry interest rates between 2.00% to 3.25% due semiannually.

Foothills Park & Recreation COP Lease Purchase 2015- In 2015, the District issued \$11,055,000 of Certificates of Participation dated November 12, 2015. The certificates were issued to refund the

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

outstanding balance of the 2006 COPs, to pay the costs of issuance of the Certificates, and to finance capital improvements at Clement Park. These certificates mature between 2016 and 2032 and carry interest rates between 2.0% and 5.0% due semiannually.

Foothills Park & Recreation COP Lease Purchase 2021- In 2021, the District issued \$29,470,000 of Certificates of Participation dated September 1, 2021. The certificates were issued with a premium of \$5,791,068 and were issued to finance the replacement of Foothills Golf Course Clubhouse, the repair and renovation of Columbine West and 6th Avenue West Pool facilities, an extension of Dutch Creek Trail and energy conservation projects at various facilities under a Phase II Energy Performance Contract. These certificates mature between 2022 and 2041 and carry an interest rate of 4.0% due semiannually. Including the premium, and net of issuance costs, the effective interest rate on the certificates is reduced from 4.0% to approximately 2.17%.

The Ice Arena, and the Peak administrative building are collateral for the 2013 COPs, the Ice Arena and the Peak Community and Wellness Center are collateral for the 2015 COPs, a portion of the Lilley Gulch Recreation Center is collateral for the 2010 COPs, and the Ridge Recreation Center and the Peak Community and Wellness Center are collateral for the 2021 COPs.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the certificates of participation are as follows:

Year Endir	ıg					
December	31,	 Principal	Interest			Total
2023		\$ 1,945,000	\$	\$ 1,626,662		3,571,662
2024		2,020,000		1,558,012		3,578,012
2025		2,095,000		1,480,213		3,575,213
2026		2,185,000		1,392,713		3,577,713
2027		2,615,000		1,298,263		3,913,263
2028 - 2032		13,255,000		4,956,600		18,211,600
2033 - 2037		8,255,000		2,590,200		10,845,200
2038 - 2041		 7,870,000		802,400		8,672,400
,	Total	\$ 40,240,000	\$	15,705,063	\$	55,945,063

NOTE 7: LEASE LIABILITIES

The District, as lessee, leases certain pieces of office equipment. The terms of the leases expire in various years through 2027. The following is a schedule by year of payments under the lease liabilities as of December 31, 2022:

Year Ending					
December 31,	Principal		Interest		 Total
2023	\$	24,664	\$	786	\$ 25,449
2024		27,427		424	27,851
2025		6,098		138	6,237
2026		1,356		77	1,433
2027		1,054		21	 1,075
	\$	60,599	\$	1,446	\$ 62,045

NOTE 8: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Risk Management and Related Insurance Issues

The District is subject to various risks of loss. These risks include theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions by management or the Board of Directors, job-related illnesses or injuries to employees, torts, and injury to persons or damage to property resulting from a construction project, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public official's liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public official's liability and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceeded amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

For 2022 and 2021, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year for any major category of risk. The amount of settlements did not exceed the insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. The amount of risk retained by the District through deductibles on the insurance policies was not material to the District.

Committed Construction

As of December 31, 2022 the District had unexpended construction related commitments of \$24,005,660.

NOTE 8: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Legal Matters

In the opinion of the District's management and counsel, there is no pending litigation or other legal claims which would materially affect the financial statements of the District.

NOTE 9: SALARY DEFERRAL PLAN

The District has a salary deferral plan (Plan) that was converted from a defined benefit plan to a defined contribution plan in 1982. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the District's Board of Directors. Full and part-time employees are eligible to participate in the plan on the first day of the month following completion of 30 days of employment if they are at least 21 years of age. Each eligible employee is allowed to defer compensation in 1% increments of their pay, but their deferral may not exceed the specific annual dollar amount determined by the Internal Revenue Service. The District may make non-elective contributions to full-time employees' account in the Plan in the amount determined by the District at its discretion. The District's contributions plus earnings become vested at a rate of 20% after the first year of employment. District contributions for plan participants who leave employment before they are fully vested are forfeited. Participant forfeitures will be used to reduce the Employer Discretionary Contributions to the Plan for the Plan Year in which the forfeitures occur. There is no liability for benefits under the Plan beyond the District's discretionary contributions.

The District has the authority to determine the amount, if any, of discretionary contributions to the Plan. The District's discretionary contributions made in 2022 and 2021 were \$288,011 and \$296,209, respectively.

NOTE 10: TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

In November, 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"). TABOR contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Under TABOR, spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

NOTE 10: TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

In May 2002, the District voters approved a ballot question to remove the revenue and spending limitations of the TABOR amendment from the entire District. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment based on the interpretations of the amendment's language.

In November, 2017 a majority of the District's voters authorized the District to increase its mill levy 2.75 mills for general operating and other purposes for a nine-year period only, ending in collection year 2026. The additional tax revenue is being used through the nine-year period to: provide better park maintenance, improve conditions of parks and sports fields, improve neighborhood and community parks, improve outdated and failing equipment, repair and enhance trails for better connectivity, repair facilities and offset increasing operational and maintenance costs. Such revenue shall be collected, retained and spent notwithstanding any other revenue limits provided by law.

In November, 2020 District voters approved a ballot question authorizing the continuation of a mill levy of 1.534 mills for Sub-District A for all future years. The mill levy was previously associated with the District's General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, dated February 23, 2010, which were paid in full in 2020. Revenue generated from the tax was approved to be used for general fund purposes including capital improvements and operational priorities and is not subject to any limitation under TABOR.

NOTE 11: NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted net position.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets consists of amounts invested in capital and lease assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, and further reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

NOTE 11: NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

The District's Net Investment in Capital Assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, was calculated as follows:

	 2022		2021
		A	s Restated
Capital and Lease Assets	\$ 99,640,976	\$	84,372,393
Outstanding Debt	(40,240,000)		(42,497,300)
Unamortized Bond Debt Premium	(6,065,432)		(6,429,752)
Unamortized Deferred Loss on Refunding	221,599		263,976
Lease Liability	(60,599)		(76,512)
Outstanding Capital Related Accounts Payable	(2,841,151)		(517,224)
Unspent Debt Proceeds	 21,733,148		34,294,075
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 72,388,540	\$	69,409,656

Restricted Net Position

Restricted Net Position represents assets that have third party limitations on their use. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the District had a Restricted Net Position of \$1,011,000 and \$911,000, respectively, consisting of emergency reserves required under TABOR.

Unrestricted Net Position

Unrestricted Net Position represents assets that do not have any third party limitations on their use. While District management may have categorized and segmented portions for various purposes, the District Board of Directors has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these managerial decisions. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the District had an Unrestricted Net Position of \$19,462,014 and \$15,764,186, respectively.

NOTE 12: FOOTHILLS ARTS & EVENTS AGENCY

The Foothills Park & Recreation District Cultural Arts Agency was created in 1993 to better serve the public in the arts. In April of 2014, the Cultural Arts Agency was rebranded as the Foothills Arts & Events Agency ("The Agency"). The Agency creates, establishes, puts on and provides classes and opportunities for district-wide cultural arts services for the benefit of the taxpayers of the District, said services to include fine and leisure arts, performing arts and culturally related special events. The Agency is subsidized by grants and contributions from a variety of sources. In 2022 and 2021, the Agency received funding from the Scientific and Cultural Facilities District in the amount of \$31,681 and \$21,733, respectively, to support its mission. The Agency is tracked as a separate department but is reported within the financial statements of the District. In 2022 and 2021, the Agency had total revenue of \$332,164 and \$262,361, respectively, and total expenses of \$340,210 and \$294,549, respectively.

NOTE 13: IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

As of January 1, 2021, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The adoption resulted in recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities of \$96,807 for lessee contracts, and lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources of \$7,783,171 for lessor contracts, all of which were reported at present value using the District's estimated incremental borrowing rate unless otherwise noted in the contract as of January 1, 2021. The implementation of this standard establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The standard requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The effect of the implementation of this standard had no impact on beginning net position as of January 1, 2021 and the change in net position for the year ended December 31, 2021 increased by \$56,121.

NOTE 14: RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

In the prior year, the District reported unspent proceeds of \$34,297,280 from the issuance of the 2021 COPs as unrestricted cash and cash equivalents and a current asset. The proceeds should have been reported as restricted cash and cash equivalents as they are to be used for a specified purpose as dictated by the debt issuance. In addition, cash and cash equivalents held for the acquisition of capital related items is to be reported as a noncurrent asset as it is not available for current operations. These changes had no impact on beginning net position or change in net position.

OTHER INFORMATION

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (NON GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (UNAUDITED) ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Actual	Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
OPERATING REVENUES		Duager	(01111)(01115)
Aquatics	\$ 951,756	\$ 896,376	\$ 55,380
Children's Programs	2,130,627	3,277,086	(1,146,459)
Golf	7,056,903	4,980,700	2,076,203
Ice Arena	2,583,033	2,585,177	(2,144)
Recreation Centers	1,633,501	1,754,992	(121,491)
Recreation Programs	2,289,202	2,303,301	(14,099)
Parks and Regional Parks	456,695	537,709	(81,014)
General and Administrative	34,156	18,500	15,656
Total Operating Revenues	17,135,873	16,353,841	782,032
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Aquatics	1,981,929	2,015,205	33,276
Children's Programs	2,522,774	3,009,425	486,651
Golf	4,550,244	4,149,887	(400,357)
Ice Arena	1,918,977	1,729,826	(189,151)
Recreation Centers	2,865,293	3,041,687	176,394
Recreation Programs	2,154,659	2,084,184	(70,475)
Parks and Regional Parks	4,483,295	4,734,988	251,693
General and Administrative	2,343,439	2,384,192	40,753
Facilities & Equipment Repairs and Replacements	19,352,292	46,083,053	(26,730,761)
Total Operating Expenses	42,172,902	69,232,447	(26,401,977)
OPERATING LOSS	(25,037,029)	(52,878,606)	(25,619,945)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Funds Available	-	41,198,709	(41,198,709)
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes	15,253,212	15,368,041	(114,829)
Conservation Trust	586,730	513,088	73,642
Grants	1,593,101	90,966	1,502,135
Grants Expense	(110,815)	(151,654)	40,839
Investment Income	652,277	37,361	614,916
Debt Service:			
Debt Principal and Interest	(3,957,833)	(3,967,712)	9,879
Interest Expense Subsidy	7,877	11,068	(3,191)
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	67,906	-	67,906
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets, Net of Expense	3,583	-	3,583
Proceeds from Insurance	17,630	-	17,630
Other Expenses	(223,224)	(221,261)	(1,963)
Total Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	13,890,444	52,878,606	(38,988,162)
NET CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE	(11,146,585)	\$ -	\$ (64,608,107)
FUNDS AVAILABLE - Beginning of year	50,392,145		
FUNDS AVAILABLE - End of year	\$ 39,245,560		
Funds available is computed as follows:			
Current Assets	\$ 37,156,250		
Current Portion of Lease Receivable	(770,445)		
Long-term investments	1,164,041		
Current Liabilities	(7,754,841)		
	(160,989)		
Accrued Compensated Absences Payable Non-Current Portion	(100,909)		
	1,945,000		
Accrued Compensated Absences Payable Non-Current Portion			
Accrued Compensated Absences Payable Non-Current Portion Current Portion of Long-term Debt	1,945,000		

RECONCILIATION OF NON GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS (ACTUAL) TO STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) ENTERPRISE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

For financial statement presentation purposes the District is shown as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds recognize income when earned and expenses when incurred. Depreciation is recorded on capitalized equipment and amortization is recorded on assets associated with leased equipment. For budgetary purposes, all receipts are shown as revenue when received regardless of whether they are earned revenue or liabilities, and expenditures are recorded for all disbursements, including capital expenditures, debt service and lease payments, regardless of the period those disbursements benefit. The following table shows the reconciliation of the Non-GAAP budgetary basis to the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the year ended December 31, 2022:

6,776,712

\$

Operating Revenues (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 17,135,873
Amortization of Lease Related Deferred Inflow of Resources	812,272
Principal Payments Received on Leases Receivable	(752,714)
Operating Revenues (GAAP)	 17,195,431
Operating Expenses (Budgetary Basis)	42,172,902
Depreciation and Amortization	3,530,279
Principal Payments Paid on Leases Payable	(22,436)
Capital Outlay	(18,841,352)
Operating Expenses (GAAP)	 26,839,393
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (Budgetary Basis)	13,890,444
Debt Principal Payments	2,257,300
Amortization of Bond Premiums	364,320
Amortization of Deferred Loss on Refunding	(42,376)
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(49,014)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (GAAP)	 16,420,674

Changes in Net Position

41

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (NON GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (UNAUDITED) ENTERPRISE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Actual	Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
OPERATING REVENUES			
Aquatics	\$ 817,973	\$ 947,044	\$ (129,071)
Children's Programs	1,743,268	3,312,082	(1,568,814)
Golf	7,218,366	4,905,516	2,312,850
Ice Arena	2,318,969	2,425,382	(106,413)
Recreation Centers	1,232,208	1,741,271	(509,063)
Recreation Programs	1,943,202	2,306,237	(363,035)
Parks and Regional Parks	504,085	534,360	(30,275)
General and Administrative	48,762	14,100	34,662
Total Operating Revenues	15,826,833	16,185,992	(359,159)
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Aquatics	1,851,269	1,925,030	73,761
Children's Programs	2,141,536	2,909,130	767,594
Golf	4,206,636	4,031,608	(175,028)
Ice Arena	1,605,348	1,576,574	(28,774)
Recreation Centers	2,674,976	2,916,447	241,471
Recreation Programs	1,853,317	2,027,883	174,566
Parks and Regional Parks	4,328,455	4,610,710	282,255
General and Administrative	2,136,573	2,121,894	(14,679)
Facilities & Equipment Repairs and Replacements	6,479,319	11,380,566	(4,901,247)
Total Operating Expenses	27,277,429	33,499,842	(3,580,081)
OPERATING LOSS	(11,450,596)	(17,313,850)	(3,939,240)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Funds Available	-	4,694,346	(4,694,346)
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes	14,015,179	14,070,040	(54,861)
Conservation Trust	591,421	502,558	88,863
Grants	934,061	137,319	796,742
Grants Expense	(46,174)	(144,785)	98,611
Investment Income	30,226	48,026	(17,800)
Debt Service:	(2,100,000)	(1.010.00.0	(200,000)
Debt Principal and Interest	(2,198,908)	(1,810,026)	(388,882)
Interest Expense Subsidy	18,215	19,316	(1,101)
Debt Proceeds	35,261,068	-	35,261,068
Bond Issuance Cost	(255,350)	-	(255,350)
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	23,801	-	23,801
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets, Net of Expense	47,282	-	47,282
Proceeds from Insurance	5,653	-	5,653
Other Expenses Total Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(238,429) 48,188,045	(202,944) 17,313,850	(35,485) 30,874,195
Total Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	40,100,045	17,515,650	30,874,195
NET CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE	36,737,449	\$ -	\$ 26,934,955
FUNDS AVAILABLE - Beginning of year	13,654,696		
FUNDS AVAILABLE - End of year	\$ 50,392,145		
Funds available is computed as follows:	¢ 22.21.6.251		
Current Assets	\$ 33,316,351		
Current Portion of Lease Receivable	(748,719)		
Long-term investments	974,378		
Current Liabilities	(5,221,203)		
Accrued Compensated Absences Payable Non-Current Portion	(157,944)		
Current Portion of Logge Daughle	2,257,300		
Current Portion of Lease Payable	22,078		
Deferred Property Taxes	(14,347,376) \$ 37,828,013		
	\$ 37,828,013		

RECONCILIATION OF NON GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS (ACTUAL) TO STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) ENTERPRISE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

For financial statement presentation purposes the District is shown as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds recognize income when earned and expenses when incurred. Depreciation is recorded on capitalized equipment and amortization is recorded on assets associated with leased equipment. For budgetary purposes, all receipts are shown as revenue when received regardless of whether they are earned revenue or liabilities, and expenditures are recorded for all disbursements, including capital expenditures, debt service and lease payments, regardless of the period those disbursements benefit. The following table shows the reconciliation of the Non-GAAP budgetary basis to the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the year ended December 31, 2021:

Operating Revenues (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 15,826,833
Amortization of Lease Related Deferred Inflow of Resources	808,186
Principal Payments Received on Leases Receivable	(748,295)
Operating Revenues (GAAP)	 15,886,724
Operating Expenses (Budgetary Basis)	27,277,429
Depreciation and Amortization	3,146,039
Principal Payments Paid on Leases Payable	(20,295)
Capital Outlay	(5,659,106)
Operating Expenses (GAAP)	 24,744,067
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (Budgetary Basis)	48,188,045
Debt Principal Payments	1,235,700
Amortization of Bond Premiums	171,284
Amortization of Deferred Loss on Refunding	(42,378)
Debt Proceeds	(35,261,068)
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets and Other	(12,780)
	14,278,803

Changes in Net Position

\$ 5,421,460

FOOTHILLS PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT HISTORY OF DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVIES AND PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS (UNAUDITED)

The following tables set forth assessed valuation, mill levy and property tax information for the District, including information regarding Subdistrict A and Subdistrict B.

History of District Assessed Valuation Levy/Collection Regular District Entire District Percent Year Property (1) Subdistrict A Subdistrict B Total (2) Change 2017/2018 91.922.131 1.124.392.053 20.904.712 1,216,314,184 12.43% 2018/2019 88,556,560 1,129,978,658 20,937,296 1,218,535,218 0.18% 2019/2020 96,737,259 1,279,056,793 23,836,379 1,375,794,052 12.91% 2020/2021 95,833,076 0.97% 1,293,342,422 23,882,105 1,389,175,498 2021/2022 100,999,368 1,414,072,760 26,982,935 9.06% 1,515,072,128

(1) Represents property within the District that is not within Subdistrict A or Subdistrict B.

(2) As Subdistrict B is located entirely with Subdistrict A, the assessed valuation attributable to Subdistrict B has been included in the District total as a component of Subdistrict A.

History of Mill Levies

District			Subdist	rict A	Subdistrict B		
Levy/Collection Year	General	Bond	General (1) (2)	Bond	General (1) (2)	Bond	
2017/2018	6.829	0.000	1.103	1.739	4.300	5.177	
2018/2019	6.834	0.000	1.137	1.725	4.301	5.160	
2019/2020	6.831	0.000	1.176	1.534	4.300	4.519	
2020/2021	6.829	0.000	2.648	0.000	4.300	4.694	
2021/2022	6.829	0.000	2.669	0.000	4.300	4.105	

(1) In addition to mills levied for the payment of tax credits, refunds, and abatements pursuant to state law which are included in these numbers, Subdistrict A and Subdistrict B also impose a general mill levy as shown in the above table, for payment of property taxes for expenses in connection with improvements that benefit the respective subdistrict.

(2) In addition to their respective total mills presented above, taxpayers within Subdistrict A are also responsible for the payment of property taxes attributable to the District's mill levy and taxpayers in Subdistrict B are also responsible for the payment of property taxes attributable to both the District's and Subdistrict's A mill levies.

History of Property Tax Collections

Levy/Collection Year	•		Percent of Levy Collected		
2017/2018	11,699,843	11,608,085	99.2%		
2018/2019	11,753,902	11,666,542	99.3%		
2019/2020	13,071,945	13,025,388	99.6%		
2020/2021	13,126,245	13,010,910	99.1%		
2021/2022	14,347,376	14,268,307	99.4%		

(1) Figures include current and delinquent tax collections, as well as interest and/or penalties thereon. The Jefferson County Treasurer's collection fee has not been deducted.

FOOTHILLS PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT History of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Unaudited)

	2018	2019		2020		2021		2022
Operating Revenues	 				Α	s Restated		
Fees and Charges:								
Aquatics	\$ 976,617	\$ 865,612	\$	386,017	\$	817,973	\$	951,756
Children's Programs	3,053,550	3,271,735		1,260,708		1,743,268		2,130,627
Golf	4,826,919	4,775,944		6,645,712		7,218,366		7,056,992
Ice Arena	2,106,628	2,063,992		1,519,297		2,369,165		2,630,924
Recreation Centers	1,552,120	1,487,502		875,736		1,232,208		1,633,501
Recreation Programs	2,399,642	2,372,571		1,015,556		1,953,131		2,300,871
Parks and Regional Parks	545,914	480,606		236,456		503,851		456,604
General and Administrative	45,376	17,714		8,748		48,762		34,156
Total	 15,506,766	 15,335,676		11,948,230		15,886,724		17,195,431
Operating Expenses								
Aquatics	1,634,124	1,720,910		1,280,812		1,851,269		1,981,929
Children's Programs	2,392,875	2,652,038		1,929,931		2,141,536		2,522,774
Golf	3,771,310	3,716,276		3,870,897		4,206,636		4,550,244
Ice Arena	1,503,912	1,529,018		1,218,413		1,605,348		1,918,977
Recreation Centers	2,559,665	2,625,720		2,203,321		2,674,976		2,865,293
Recreation Programs	1,824,455	1,923,091		1,451,877		1,853,317		2,154,659
Parks and Regional Parks	3,837,253	3,919,997		4,112,855		4,328,455		4,483,295
General and Administrative	1,821,935	1,906,268		2,265,012		2,116,275		2,321,003
Facilities & Equipment Repairs and Replacements	660,605	1,289,710		899,312		820,216		510,940
Depreciation	2,678,663	2,828,543		3,068,322		3,146,039		3,530,279
Total	 22,684,797	24,111,571		22,300,752		24,744,067		26,839,393
Operating Loss	(7,178,031)	(8,775,895)		(10,352,522)		(8,857,343)		(9,643,962)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes	12,693,703	12,673,093		14,002,521		14,015,179		15,253,212
Conservation Trust	484,258	553,927		501,080		591,421		586,730
Grants and Contributions	7,615,185	931,793		1,977,388		934,061		1,593,101
Grants Expense	(161,429)	(219,336)		(135,131)		(46,174)		(110,815)
Investment Income	177,709	213,569		82,720		1,539		652,277
Interest Expense	(892,571)	(805,294)		(689,503)		(834,301)		(1,378,591)
Interest Expense Subsidy	33,441	33,575		26,928		18,215		7,877
Bond Issuance Cost	-	-		-		(255,350)		-
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets	(19,654)	(19,775)		28,673		62,426		22,477
Proceeds from Insurance	6,173	8,855		28,994		5,653		17,630
Other Income	7,083	-		-		-		-
Other Expenses	(225,718)	(190,564)		(202,986)		(213,866)		(223,224)
Total	 19,718,180	 13,179,843		15,620,684		14,278,803		16,420,674
Change in Net Position	12,540,149	4,403,948		5,268,162		5,421,460		6,776,712
Beginning Net Position	58,451,123	70,991,272		75,395,220		80,663,382		86,084,842
Ending Net Position	\$ 70,991,272	\$ 75,395,220	\$	80,663,382	\$	86,084,842	\$	92,861,554

FOOTHILLS PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Historical Net Position (Unaudited)

		2018		2018		2019	2020			2021	2022		
							A	s Restated					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	57,257,305	\$	63,666,623	\$	67,004,564	\$	69,409,656	\$	72,388,540			
Restricted		800,000		804,000		736,000		911,000		1,011,000			
Unrestricted		12,933,967		10,924,597		12,922,818		15,764,186		19,462,014			
Total Net Position	\$	70,991,272	\$	75,395,220	\$	80,663,382	\$	86,084,842	\$	92,861,554			